

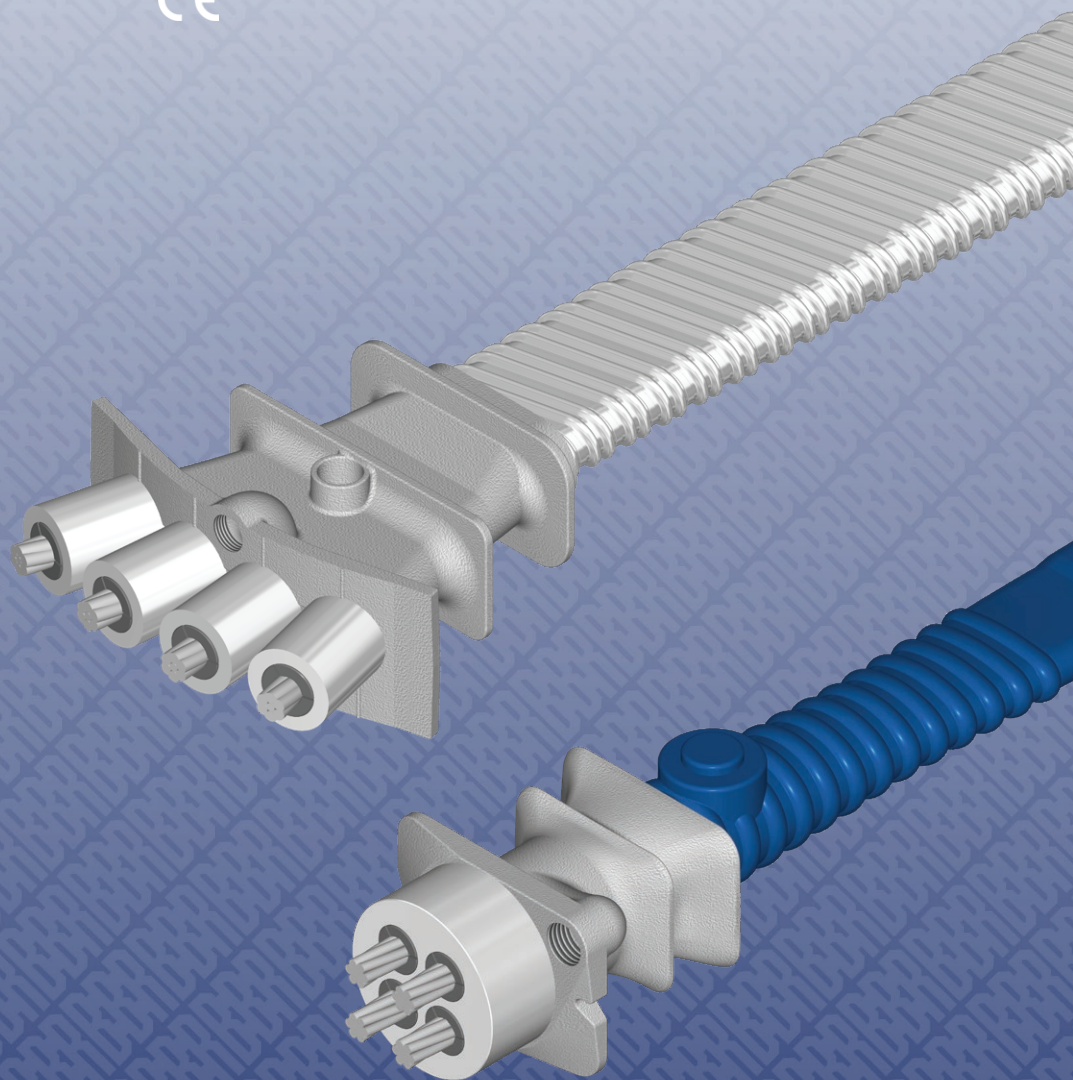
# BBR VT CONA CMF BT

Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages



European Technical Assessment  
ETA – 12/ 0076

CE



A Global Network of Experts  
[www.bbrnetwork.com](http://www.bbrnetwork.com)

**CE**  
0432

**ETA-12/0076**  
**BBR VT CONA CMF**

Internal Post-tensioning System with  
Flat Anchorages and 02, 03 and 04 Strands

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**0432-CPR-00299-1.7**  
**12**

Responsible BBR PT Specialist Company

**CE**

The delivery note accompanying components of the BBR VT CONA CMF Post-tensioning System will contain the CE marking.



Assembly and installation of BBR VT CONA CMF tendons must only be carried out by qualified BBR PT Specialist Companies. Find the local BBR PT Specialist Company by visiting the BBR Network website [www.bbrnetwork.com](http://www.bbrnetwork.com).



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**ETAG 013**

Guideline for European Technical Approval of Post-tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures

**CWA 14646**

Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel



BBR E-Trace is the trading and quality assurance platform of the BBR Network linking the Holder of Approval, BBR VT International Ltd, BBR PT Specialist Companies and the BBR Manufacturing Plant. Along with the established BBR Factory Production Control, BBR E-Trace provides effective supply chain management including installation, delivery notes and highest quality standards, as well as full traceability of components.



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## European Technical Assessment

**ETA-12/0076**  
of 23.09.2019

General part

**Technical Assessment Body issuing the European Technical Assessment**

Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik (OIB)  
Austrian Institute of Construction Engineering

**Trade name of the construction product**

BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands

**Product family to which the construction product belongs**

Post-tensioning kit for prestressing of structures with internal bonded or unbonded strands

**Manufacturer**

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**This European Technical Assessment contains**

71 pages including Annexes 1 to 40, which form an integral part of this assessment.

**This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) № 305/2011, on the basis of**

EAD 160004-00-0301, European Assessment Document for Post-tensioning kit for prestressing of structures with internal bonded or unbonded strands.

**This European Technical Assessment replaces**

European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0076 of 14.12.2017.

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## Remarks

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## Specific parts

### 1 Technical description of the product

#### 1.1 General

The European Technical Assessment<sup>1</sup> – ETA – applies to a kit, the PT system

### **BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands,**

comprising the following components, see Annex 1, Annex 2, and Annex 3.

- Tendon  
Bonded tendons with 02, 03, 04, 05, and 06 tensile elements  
Internal unbonded tendons with 02, 03, 04, 05, and 06 tensile elements
- Tensile element

**Table 1** Tensile elements

Designation	Nominal diameter	Nominal cross-sectional area	Maximum characteristic tensile strength <sup>1)</sup>
—	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	MPa
05	12.5	93	1 860
	12.9	100	
06	15.3	140	
	15.7	150	

<sup>1)</sup> Prestressing steel strands with a characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

NOTE 1 MPa = 1 N/mm<sup>2</sup>

7-wire prestressing steel strand with nominal diameters and maximum characteristic tensile strength as given in Table 1.

Unbonded monostrand, i.e. 7-wire prestressing steel with nominal diameters and maximum characteristic tensile strength as given in Table 1, factory-provided with a corrosion protection system comprising corrosion protection filling material and HDPE-sheathing.

NOTE Monostrands are either individual monostrands or bands.

<sup>1</sup> ETA-12/0076 was firstly issued in 2012 as European technical approval with validity from 29.06.2012, converted in 2017 to European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0076 of 19.05.2017, amended in 2017 to European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0076 of 14.12.2017 and in 2019 to European Technical Assessment ETA-12/0076 of 23.09.2019.



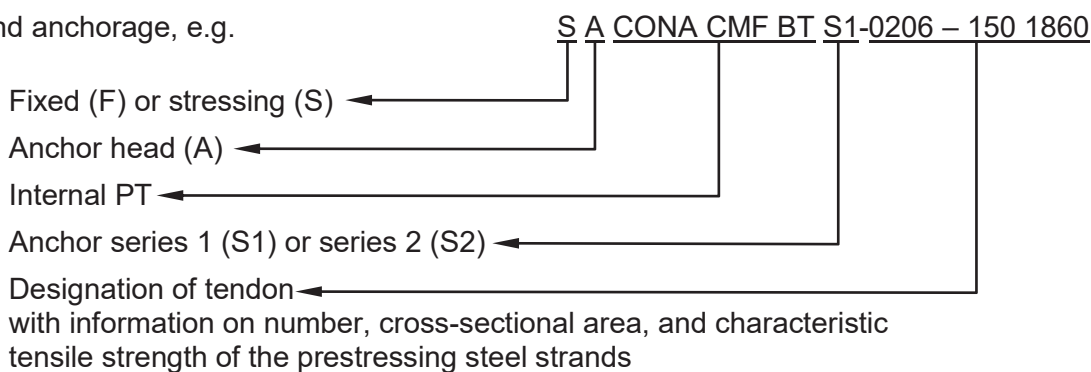
- Anchorage series for only inaccessible fixed anchorage, effective by bond and bulb-ends and designated CMO, for tendons with 02, 03, 04, 05, and 06 prestressing steel strands.

An overview on anchorages and couplers of these series is given in Annex 1 and Annex 22.

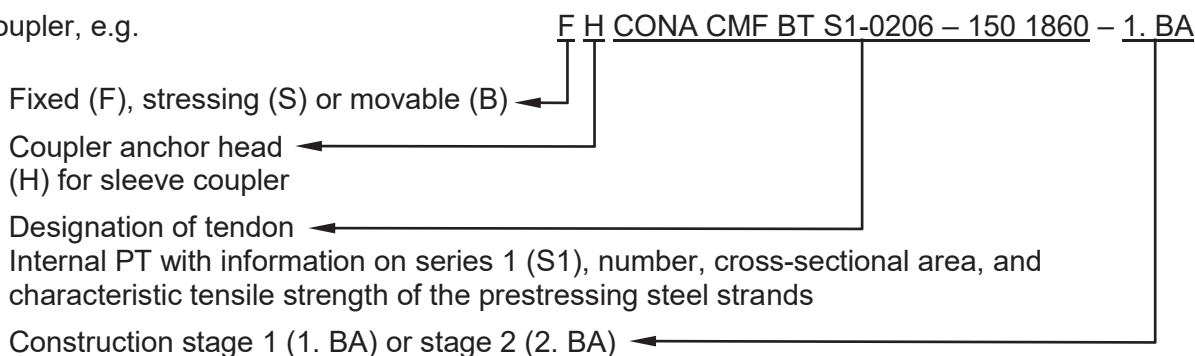
NOTE In general, anchorages and couplers of all anchorage series can be combined within one tendon. However, the particularities of each anchorage series have to be considered. Ask ETA holder for advice prior to thinking about such combined tendons.

### 1.2.2 Designation

End anchorage, e.g.



Coupler, e.g.



### 1.2.3 Anchorage

#### 1.2.3.1 General

Anchorage of prestressing steel strand is achieved by either wedges in anchor head or by bond in combination with bulb-ends (onions).

Anchorage by wedges and anchor head in fixed and stressing anchorage is identical, see Annex 1, Annex 2, and Annex 3. A differentiation is needed for execution of the construction works.

The wedges of inaccessible fixed anchor series 1 are secured with either a wedge retaining plate or springs. An alternative is pre-locking each individual prestressing steel strand with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$  and applying a wedge retaining plate.

Steel strip sheaths are slipped over the plastic trumpets at the anchorages.

For series 2, each individual prestressing steel strand is pre-locked with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$  and the wedges are secured with wedge retaining plate or wedge holding rings and an integrated protection cap. An alternative is applying wedge retaining plate, wedge holding rings, together with an integrated protection cap.

Where

$F_{pk}$  ..... kN..... Characteristic value of maximum force of one single prestressing steel strand

Anchorage of prestressing steel strands by bond and bulb-ends, CMO, is an inaccessible fixed anchorage only, see Annex 1 and Annex 22.



### 1.3 Designation and range of the tendons

#### 1.3.1 Designation

Tendon, e.g.

CONA CMF BT S1-02 06 – 150 1860

Internal PT ←

Anchor series 1 (S1) or series 2 (S2) ←

Number of prestressing steel strands, 02 to 06 ←

Prestressing steel strand, 05 or 06 ←

Cross-sectional area of prestressing steel strand,  
 93, 100, 140, or 150 mm<sup>2</sup> ←

Characteristic tensile strength of the prestressing steel strand ←

The tendon comprises 02, 03, 04, 05, or 06 tensile elements, 7-wire prestressing steel strands, monostrands, or bands according to Annex 36.

#### 1.3.2 Tendon ranges

##### 1.3.2.1 General

Prestressing and overstressing forces are given in the corresponding standards and regulations in force at the place of use. The maximum prestressing and overstressing forces according to Eurocode 2 are listed in Annex 19 and Annex 20.

Available tendons in terms of prestressing steel strand, number of strands, anchorages and couplers, and ducts are listed in Annex 4.

##### 1.3.2.1.1 Bonded tendon

The bonded tendon comprises 02, 03, 04, 05, or 06 prestressing steel strands, grouted within a corrugated duct either in plastic or steel. A smooth steel duct may be used if permitted at the place of use.

##### 1.3.2.1.2 Unbonded tendon

The unbonded tendon comprises 02, 03, 04, 05, or 06 prestressing steel strands within a smooth duct either in plastic or steel. If monostrands are used, they are factory-provided with a corrosion protection system comprising corrosion protection filling material and HDPE-sheathing.

NOTE Monostrands are either individual monostrands or bands.

##### 1.3.2.2 CONA CMF BT *n05– 93*

7-wire prestressing steel strand

Nominal diameter ..... 12.5 mm

Nominal cross-sectional area ..... 93 mm<sup>2</sup>

Maximum characteristic tensile strength..... 1 860 MPa

Prestressing steel strand with HDPE-sheathing and corrosion protection filling material – Monostrand or band

Mass of sheathed and filled strand ..... ≥ 0.85 kg/m

External diameter of strand sheathing ..... ≥ 16.5 mm

Annex 11 lists the available tendon ranges for CONA CMF BT *n05– 93*.



#### 1.4.1.2 Bonded tendon

For a bonded tendon a corrugated duct in steel or in plastic is used.

Corrugated duct in steel is a steel strip sheath according to EN 523<sup>3</sup>. Alternatively, a smooth plastic duct or a smooth steel duct may be used, if permitted at the place of use.

#### 1.4.1.3 Unbonded tendon

For an unbonded tendon, corrugated or smooth duct in steel or plastic, or monostrand or band can be used.

#### 1.4.2 Degree of filling

For bonded and unbonded tendon, other than monostrand tendon in circular duct, the degree of filling,  $f$ , is generally between 0.25 and 0.35. The minimum radii of curvature can be defined with the equation given in Clause 1.5. Typical degrees of filling,  $f$ , and corresponding minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{\min}$ , are given in Annex 13, Annex 14, Annex 15, and Annex 16.

The degree of filling is defined by the equation

$$f = \frac{\text{cross sectional area of prestressing steel}}{\text{cross sectional area of inner diameter of sheath}}$$

#### 1.4.3 Circular steel strip sheath

Steel strip sheath in conformity with EN 523 is used. The degree of filling,  $f$ , is according to Clause 1.4.2 and the minimum radii of curvature to Clause 1.5.

Annex 13 and Annex 14 give internal duct diameters and minimum radii of curvature, in which the pressure under the prestressing steel strand,  $p_R$ , has been set to 130 kN/m, 150 kN/m, 200 kN/m, and 230 kN/m respectively. Further duct diameters and smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

#### 1.4.4 Flat steel duct

For tendon with 02, 03, 04, 05, or 06 prestressing steel strands flat duct, either smooth or corrugated, may be used, whereas EN 523 applies accordingly. The flat duct is free of any kinks.

Annex 15 and Annex 16 give minor and major internal flat duct dimensions and minimum radii of curvature, both minor and major, in which the pressure under the prestressing steel strand,  $p_R$ , has been set to 130 kN/m, 150 kN/m, 200 kN/m, and 230 kN/m respectively. Further duct dimensions and smaller radii of curvature are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

#### 1.4.5 Pre-bent smooth circular steel duct

If permitted at the place of use, smooth steel duct according to EN 10255, EN 10216-1, EN 10217-1, EN 10219-1, or EN 10305-5 can be used. The degree of filling,  $f$ , conforms to Clause 1.4.2 and the minimum radii of curvature to Clause 1.5. The duct is pre-bent and free of any kink. The minimum wall thickness of steel duct meets the specification of Annex 17.

Further internal diameters or wall thicknesses are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

#### 1.4.6 Plastic duct

Corrugated plastic ducts or smooth plastic ducts according to EN 12201 are in general available for a bonded or unbonded tendon. Use of such ducts and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{\min}$ , are according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use. Minimum wall thicknesses are given in Annex 17.

<sup>3</sup> Reference documents are listed in Annex 39 and Annex 40.

Further internal diameters or wall thicknesses are acceptable according to the respective standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

## 1.5 Minimum radii of curvature of internal tendons

### 1.5.1 Minimum radii of curvature for bonded and unbonded tendons, other than monostrand tendons

The minimum radii of curvature for prestressing steel strands,  $R_{min}$ , given in Annex 13 and Annex 14, correspond to

- a prestressing force of the tendons of  $0.85 \cdot F_{p0.1}$
- a nominal diameter of the prestressing steel strands of  $d_{strand} = 12.5 \text{ mm}$  to  $d_{strand} = 15.7 \text{ mm}$
- a characteristic tensile strength of the prestressing steel strand of 1 860 MPa
- a maximum pressure under the prestressing steel strands of  $p_{R, max} = 130 \text{ kN/m}$ , 150 kN/m, 200 kN/m, and 230 kN/m
- a concrete compressive strength of  $f_{cm, 0, cube} \geq 21 \text{ MPa}$

In case of different tendon parameters or a different pressure under the prestressing steel strands, the calculation of minimum radii of curvature of tendons for circular ducts can be carried out with the following equation.

$$R_{min} = \max \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \geq \frac{F_{pm, 0}}{p_R} \cdot k_n \\ \text{and} \\ \geq \frac{400 \cdot d_{strand}}{3\,000} \end{array} \right.$$

Where

- $R_{min}$ ..... m ..... Minimum radii of curvature
- $F_{pm, 0}$ ..... kN ..... Prestressing force of the tendon
- $p_R$ ..... kN/m ..... Design pressure under the prestressing steel strands
- $k_n$ .....—..... Factor to account for number of prestressing steel strands and duct diameter, see Table 2
- $d_{strand}$ .....mm..... Nominal diameter of the prestressing steel strand
- $n$ .....—..... Number of prestressing steel strands
- $f$ .....—..... Degree of filling

**Table 2** Factor  $k_n$

Number of strands <b>n</b>	Factor $k_n$		
	$f \sim 0.25$	$f \sim 0.30$	$f \sim 0.35$
02	0.68	0.87	—
03	0.61	0.71	0.88
04	0.65		

For tendons with predominantly static loading, reduced minimum radii of curvature can be used. Recommended maximum pressure under the prestressing steel strands,  $p_{R, max}$ , is

$p_{R, max} = 130\text{--}230 \text{ kN/m}$  for internal bonded tendons

$p_{R, max} = 800 \text{ kN/m}$  for smooth steel duct and predominantly static loading



In case of a reduced minimum radius of curvature, the degree of filling,  $f$ , as defined in Clause 1.4.2, is between 0.25 and 0.30 to allow for proper tendon installation. Depending on the concrete strength at the time of stressing, additional reinforcement for splitting forces may be required in the areas of reduced minimum radii of curvature.

Standards and regulations on minimum radii of curvature or on the pressure under the prestressing steel strands in force at the place of use are observed.

#### 1.5.2 Minimum radii of curvature for tendons with monostrands

The minimum radius of curvature  $R_{min}$  of internal tendons with monostrands or bands is 2.5 m. If this radius is adhered to, verification of prestressing steel outer fibre stresses in curved sections is not required. The minimum radius of curvature for deviation of tendons with multistrand anchorages in the anchorage zone, after the transition pipes is 3.5 m.

For tendons with nearly straight tendon layout, an HDPE sheathing with a thickness of 1 mm may be used if acceptable at the place of use.

For free tendon layout in slabs with a thickness of  $\leq 45$  cm see Annex 29 and Annex 30.

### 1.6 Support of tendons

#### 1.6.1 Support of bonded and unbonded tendons, other than monostrand tendons

Spacing of supports is between 1.0 to 1.8 m. In the region of maximum tendon curvature, a spacing of 0.8 m is applied and 0.6 m in case the minimum radii of curvature is smaller than 4.0 m. The tendons are systematically fastened in their position so that they are not displaced by placing and compacting the concrete.

#### 1.6.2 Support of monostrand tendons

The individual monostrands or bands are fastened in their position. Spacing of supports is.

##### 1 Normally

Tendons with 02, 03, or 04 monostrands or bands..... 1.00 to 1.30 m

##### 2 Free tendon layout in $\leq 45$ cm thick slabs

In the transition region between

a) High tendon position and anchorage, e.g. cantilever.....  $\leq 1.50$  m

b) Low and high tendon position or low tendon position and anchorage .....  $\leq 3.00$  m

In regions of high or low tendon position the tendons are connected in an appropriate way to the reinforcement mesh, at least at two points with a spacing of 0.3 to 1.3 m. The reinforcement mesh is fixed in its position. Special supports for tendons are therefore not required. For details see Annex 29 and Annex 30.

### 1.7 Friction losses

For calculation of loss of prestressing force due to friction Coulomb's law applies. The calculation of friction losses is carried out using the equation

$$F_x = F_0 \cdot e^{-\mu \cdot (\alpha + k \cdot x)}$$

Where

$F_x$ .....kN.....Prestressing force at a distance  $x$  along the tendon

$F_0$ .....kN.....Prestressing force at  $x = 0$  m

$\mu$  .....  $\text{rad}^{-1}$ .....Friction coefficient, see Table 3

$\alpha$  ..... rad.....Sum of angular displacements over distance  $x$ , irrespective of direction or sign

k ..... rad/m.....Wobble coefficient, see Table 3

x ..... m.....Distance along the tendon from the point where the prestressing force is equal to  $F_0$

NOTE 1 rad = 1 m/m = 1

**Table 3** Friction parameters

Duct	Recommended values		Range of values	
	$\mu$ rad <sup>-1</sup>	k rad/m	$\mu$ rad <sup>-1</sup>	k rad/m
Steel strip sheath	0.18	0.005	0.17–0.19	0.004–0.007
Smooth steel duct	0.18		0.16–0.24	
Corrugated plastic sheath	0.12		0.10–0.14	
Smooth plastic duct	0.12		0.10–0.14	
Monostrand or band	0.06	0.009	0.05–0.07	0.008–0.011

NOTE As far as acceptable at the place of use, due to special measures like oiling or for a tendon layout with only few deviations the friction coefficient  $\mu$  can be reduced by 10 to 20 %. Compared with e.g. the use of prestressing steel or sheaths with a film of rust this value increases by more than 100 %.

If tendons with bands with two or four prestressing steel strands are installed upright, with flat-wise curvature and connected at support distances of 1.15 to 1.30 m, the wobble coefficient is  $k = 4.37 \cdot 10^{-3}$  rad/m.

Stressing strand by strand can cause friction losses several times larger than stressing all prestressing steel strands of the tendon at once. This is in particular important for tendons with flat ducts and deviations around the minor axis, see  $R_{\min, \text{minor}}$  in Annex 15 and Annex 16.

Friction losses in anchorages series 1 and series 2 are low and do not have to be taken into consideration in design and execution.

### 1.8 Slip at anchorages and couplers

**Table 4** Slip at anchors and couplers

Anchorage series	Anchor, coupler	Slip mm
—	—	mm
Series 1	Stressing and fixed anchor	6 4 <sup>1), 2)</sup>
	Slip at stressing and fixed coupler, first construction stage 1. BA	6 4 <sup>1)</sup>
	Slip at stressing and fixed coupler, second construction stage 2. BA	6 4 <sup>2)</sup>
	Slip at movable coupler, first and second tendon each	6 4 <sup>2)</sup>
Series 2	Stressing anchor	7 4 <sup>1)</sup>
	Fixed anchor	7 4 <sup>2)</sup>

1) Stressed with prestressing jack with wedging system, wedging force ~ 25 kN per prestressing steel strand

2) Prelocking each prestressing steel strand with ~ 0.5 ·  $F_{pk}$

Where

$F_{pk}$ .....kN.....Characteristic maximum force of one prestressing steel strand, see Annex 36

For calculation of slip at inaccessible fixed anchor by bond and bulb-ends, CMO, the tendon length continues until the bulb-ends of the fixed bond anchorage. Slip of bulb-ends may be assumed as zero.

### 1.9 Concrete strength at time of stressing

Concrete in conformity with EN 206 is used. At the time of stressing the mean concrete compressive strength,  $f_{cm,0}$ , is at least as given in Table 5. The concrete test specimens are subjected to the same curing conditions as the structure.

For partial prestressing with 30 % of the full prestressing force, the actual mean value of concrete compressive strength is at least  $0.5 \cdot f_{cm,0, \text{cube}}$  or  $0.5 \cdot f_{cm,0, \text{cylinder}}$ . Intermediate values may be interpolated linearly according to Eurocode 2.

Helix, additional reinforcement, and centre spacing and edge distance corresponding to the concrete compressive strength are taken from Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, see also the Clauses 1.12.11 and 2.2.3.3.

**Table 5** Compressive strength of concrete

Mean concrete strength			$f_{cm,0}$		
Cube strength, 150 mm cube	$f_{cm,0, \text{cube}}$	MPa	21 <sup>1)</sup>	25 <sup>1)</sup>	26 <sup>2)</sup>
Cylinder strength, 150 mm cylinder diameter	$f_{cm,0, \text{cylinder}}$	MPa	17 <sup>1)</sup>	20 <sup>1)</sup>	21 <sup>2)</sup>

1) Anchorage series 1      2) Anchorage series 2

Where

$f_{cm,0, \text{cube}}$  .....MPa .....Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing, determined at cubes, 150 mm

$f_{cm,0, \text{cylinder}}$  .....MPa .....Mean concrete compressive strength at time of stressing, determined at cylinders, diameter 150 mm

### 1.10 Centre spacing and edge distance for anchorages

In general, spacing and distances are not less than the values given in Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26.

However, a reduction of up to 15 % of centre spacing of tendon anchorages in one direction is permitted, but not less than the outside dimensions of the helix and bearing trumplate and placing of additional reinforcement still is possible. In this case the spacing in the perpendicular direction is increased by the same percentage, see Annex 27 and Annex 28. The corresponding minimum edge distance is calculated by

$$a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c \quad a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

and

$$b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c \quad b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 \text{ mm} + c$$

Where

$a_c, a_c$  .....mm .....Centre spacing before and after modification

$b_c, b_c$  .....mm .....Centre spacing in the direction perpendicular to  $a_c$  before and after modification

$a_e, a_e$  .....mm .....Edge distance before and after modification

$b_e, b_e$  .....mm .....Edge distance in the direction perpendicular to  $a_e$  before and after modification

$c$  .....mm .....Concrete cover

Standards and regulations on concrete cover in force at the place of use are observed.

The minimum values for  $a_c$ ,  $b_c$ ,  $a_e$ , and  $b_e$  are given in Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26.

NOTE Replacing the additional stirrup reinforcement of series 1 by a rectangular helix according to Annex 27 does not prevent centre spacing and edge distance to be modified. The external dimensions of the rectangular helix replacing stirrups of series 1 are adapted to the modified centre spacing and edge distance. This does not apply to series 2, where external dimensions of stirrup reinforcement maintain minimum dimensions regardless any modification of centre spacing and edge distances.

## Components

### 1.11 Prestressing steel strands

Only 7-wire prestressing steel strands, monostrands, or bands with characteristics according to Table 6 are used, see also Annex 36. The corrosion protection system of the monostrands or bands, comprising corrosion protection filling material and HDPE-sheathing, is as specified in Clause 1.13.

NOTE Monostrands are either individual monostrands or bands, see Annex 3, Annex 29, and Annex 30.

**Table 6** Prestressing steel strands

Maximum characteristic tensile strength <sup>1)</sup>	$f_{pk}$	MPa	1 860			
Nominal diameter	d	mm	12.5	12.9	15.3	15.7
Nominal cross-sectional area	$A_p$	mm <sup>2</sup>	93	100	140	150
Mass of prestressing steel	M	kg/m	0.73	0.78	1.09	1.17
Mass of monostrand		kg/m	0.85	0.90	1.23	1.31

<sup>1)</sup> Prestressing steel strands with a characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.

In a single tendon, only prestressing steel strands spun in the same direction are used.

In the course of preparing the European Technical Assessment, no characteristic has been assessed for prestressing steel strands. In execution, a suitable prestressing steel strand that conforms to Annex 36 and is according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use is taken.

### 1.12 Anchorages and couplers

#### 1.12.1 General

The components of anchorages and couplers are in conformity with the specifications given in Annex 5, Annex 6, Annex 7, Annex 8, Annex 9, and Annex 10 and the technical file<sup>4</sup>. Therein the component dimensions, materials, and material identification data with tolerances are given.

#### 1.12.2 Anchor head A CONA CMF BT S1

The anchor head of anchorage series 1, see Annex 5, is made of steel and contains regularly arranged conical holes drilled in parallel to accommodate prestressing steel strands and wedges. The back exits of the bore holes are provided with bell mouth openings or plastic ring cushions. In addition, threaded bores may be provided to fasten protection cap or grouting cap, and wedge retaining plate. At the back of the anchor head, there may be a step for ease of centring the anchor head on the bearing trumplate.

<sup>4</sup> The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.



#### 1.12.10 Securing of wedges

The wedges of inaccessible fixed anchors and couplers of series 1 are secured with springs or a wedge retaining plate, see Annex 1, Annex 2, and Annex 10. An alternative is pre-locking each individual prestressing steel strand with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$  and applying a wedge retaining plate as per Clause 1.2.3.1.

For series 2, each individual prestressing steel strand is pre-locked with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$  and the wedges are secured with wedge retaining plate or wedge holding rings and an integrated protection cap, see Annex 7 and Annex 9. An alternative is applying wedge retaining plate, wedge holding rings, together with an integrated protection cap.

Where

$F_{pk}$  ..... kN ..... Characteristic value of maximum force of one single prestressing steel strand

#### 1.12.11 Helix and additional reinforcement

Helix and additional reinforcement are made of ribbed reinforcing steel. The end of the helix on the anchorage side is welded to the following turn. The helix is placed in the tendon axis. Dimensions of helix and additional reinforcement conform to the values specified in Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26.

If required for a specific project design, the reinforcement given in Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 may be modified in accordance with the respective regulations in force at the place of use as well as with the relevant approval of the local authority and of the ETA holder, to provided equivalent performance.

#### 1.12.12 Protection cap and grouting cap CONA CMF BT S1

Protection cap, see Annex 10, is made of steel or plastic. It is provided with an air-vent and fastened with screws or threaded rods.

Grouting cap, see Annex 10, is made of plastic. It is provided with a filling inlet or air-vent and fastened with screws or threaded rods.

#### 1.12.13 Protection cap CONA CMF BT S2

Protection cap, see Annex 9, is made of plastic. It is provided with a filling inlet or an air-vent and fastened with screws or threaded rods.

#### 1.12.14 Pocket former set CONA CMF BT S2

The pocket former set for anchorage series 2 is made of plastic, see Annex 9. It comprises for 02 to 06 prestressing steel strands

- One common mandrel
- One common nut
- Four pocket formers

The pocket formers are employed to form recesses for anchorage

SA CONA CMF BT S2-0206 SA CONA CMF BT S2-0205 and SA CONA CMF BT S2-0305  
SA CONA CMF BT S2-0306 SA CONA CMF BT S2-0405  
SA CONA CMF BT S2-0406 SA CONA CMF BT S2-0505  
SA CONA CMF BT S2-0506 SA CONA CMF BT S2-0605

#### 1.12.15 Material specification

Annex 18 lists the material standards and material specifications of the components.

### 1.13 Permanent corrosion protection

#### 1.13.1 General

In the course of preparing the European Technical Assessment no characteristic has been assessed for materials of the corrosion protection system. In execution, all materials are selected according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use.

Recesses for anchorages fully embedded in concrete permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm. The same applies for concrete cover of fixed anchorages embedded in concrete.

On exposed anchorages, not fully embedded in concrete, an adequate corrosion protection for the exposed parts is applied.

#### 1.13.2 Bonded tendon

To protect the tendons from corrosion, ducts, anchorages, and couplers are completely filled with grout according to EN 447, special grout according to EAD 160027-00-0301, or special grout as applicable at the place of use. Complete filling is ensured by grout penetrating from the protection caps or grouting caps at the anchorages.

#### 1.13.3 Unbonded tendon

To protect the tendons from corrosion, ducts, anchorages, and couplers are completely filled with corrosion protection filling material. Complete filling is ensured by corrosion protection filling material penetrating from the protection caps or grouting caps at the anchorages.

Corrosion protection filling material is grease or wax according EAD 160027-00-0301, or an equivalent soft material as applicable at the place of use. The corrosion protection filling material for monostrands or bands is specified in EAD 160027-00-0301 or an equivalent soft material. As an alternative, corrosion protection filling material according to the standards and regulations in force at the place of use may be applied.

For tendons of anchorage series 1 with monostrands or bands, transition pipes are attached to anchorages and couplers. Transition pipe and monostrand or band sheathing overlap to facilitate corrosion protection of de-sheathed monostrands or bands at the joints monostrand or band sheathings to anchorages.

For anchorage series 2, monostrand or band sheathings extend into the bearing trumplate, until a few cm ahead of the mono barrels. The bearing trumplate is completely filled with corrosion protection filling material.

## 2 Specification of the intended uses in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

### 2.1 Intended uses

The PT system BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands is intended to be used for the prestressing of structures. The specific intended uses are given in Table 7.

**Table 7** Intended uses

Line №	Use category
Use categories according to tendon configuration and material of structure	
1	Internal bonded tendon for concrete and composite structures
2	Internal unbonded tendon for concrete and composite structures

## 2.2 Assumptions

### 2.2.1 General

Concerning product packaging, transport, storage, maintenance, replacement, and repair it is the responsibility of the manufacturer to undertake the appropriate measures and to advise his clients on transport, storage, maintenance, replacement, and repair of the product as he considers necessary.

### 2.2.2 Packaging, transport and storage

Advice on packaging, transport, and storage includes.

- During transport of prefabricated tendons, a minimum diameter of curvature of 1.65 m is observed.
- Temporary protection of prestressing steel and components in order to prevent corrosion during transport from production site to job site
- Transport, storage, and handling of prestressing steel and other components in a manner as to avoid damage by mechanical or chemical impact
- Protection of prestressing steel and other components from moisture
- Keeping tensile elements separate from areas where welding operations are performed

### 2.2.3 Design

#### 2.2.3.1 General

It is the responsibility of the ETA holder to ensure that all necessary information is submitted to those responsible for the design of the structure executed with the BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands.

Design of the structure permits correct installation and stressing of the tendons. The reinforcement in the anchorage zone permits correct placing and compacting of concrete.

Bursting out of prestressing steel in case of failure of an unbonded tendon is prevented. Sufficient protection is provided by e.g. a cover of reinforced concrete.

#### 2.2.3.2 Anchorage Recess

The dimensions of the anchorage recess are adapted to the prestressing jack used. In order to allow for imperfections and to ease the cutting of the prestressing steel strand excess lengths, it is recommended to increase the dimensions of the recesses. The forms for the recesses should be slightly conical for easy removal. The ETA holder saves for reference information on the minimum dimensions of the anchorage recess.

In case of anchorage fully embedded in concrete, the recess is designed so as to permit a reinforced concrete cover with the required dimensions and in any case with a thickness of at least 20 mm. In case of exposed anchorage, concrete cover on anchorages and bearing trumplates is not required. However, the exposed surfaces of bearing trumplate and cap are provided with corrosion protection.

#### 2.2.3.3 Centre spacing and edge distance, and reinforcement of the anchorage zone

Centre spacing, edge distance, helix, and additional reinforcement given in Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 are adopted, see Clause 1.10.

Verification of transfer of prestressing force to structural concrete is not required if centre spacing and edge distance of anchorage and coupler, compressive strength of concrete, as well as grade and dimensions of helix and additional reinforcement, see Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26, are conformed to. In case of grouped anchorages, the additional reinforcement of the individual anchorages can be combined, provided appropriate anchorage





#### 2.2.4.2 Anchorage series 1 and coupler

In Annex 31 the description of installation of bonded and unbonded tendons, other than monostrand tendons and in Annex 32 the description of installation of monostrand tendons or tendons with bands are given.

Bearing trumplates, anchor heads, and coupler anchor heads are placed perpendicular to the tendon's axis. Couplers are situated in a straight tendon section. At the anchorages and couplers, the tendon layout provides a straight section over a length of at least 250 mm beyond the end of trumpet or transition pipes.

In case of a movable coupler it is ensured by means of appropriate position and length of coupler sheathing box and trumpet that a displacement of the movable coupler of at least  $1.15 \cdot \Delta l + 30$  mm is possible without any hindrance, where  $\Delta l$  in mm is the expected maximum displacement of the coupler during stressing.

In the anchorage zone, the webs of bands are longitudinally cut over a length of 1.3 m from the end. The layout of the transition zone is shown in Annex 29.

Prior to placing the concrete, a final check of the installed tendons is carried out. At that time, the passive anchorages mounted at the PT works are randomly checked for proper seating of the ring wedges and complete filling of the protection caps or grouting caps with corrosion protection filling material, where applicable. In the case of minor damage of the sheathing, the damaged area is cleaned and sealed with an adhesive tape.

#### 2.2.4.3 Anchorage series 2

In Annex 33 the description of installation of bonded and unbonded tendons, other than monostrand tendons and in Annex 34 the description of installation of monostrand tendons or tendons with bands are given.

Bearing trumplates are placed perpendicular to the tendon's axis and the tendon layout provides a straight section over a length of at least 250 mm beyond the end of the bearing trumpet.

In the anchorage zone, the webs of bands are longitudinally cut over a length of 1.3 m from the end. The layout of the transition zone is shown in Annex 30.

Prior to placing the concrete, a final check of the installed tendons is carried out. At that time, the passive anchorages mounted at the PT works are randomly checked for proper seating of the ring wedges and complete filling of the protection caps with corrosion protection filling material, where applicable. In the case of minor damage of the sheathing, the damaged area is cleaned and sealed with an adhesive tape.

#### 2.2.4.4 Inaccessible fixed anchorage with bulb-ends, CMO

Installation is carried out according to Annex 35.

For this anchorage, the prestressing steel strands are always pushed or pulled into the duct prior to concreting the structure. The prestressing steel strands with bulb-ends are individually clipped into the bulb-strand spacer to preserve position and distance during concreting.

Prior to placing the concrete, a final check of the installed bulb-strands with bulb-strand spacers is carried out.

#### 2.2.4.5 Stressing operation, safety-at work

With a mean concrete compressive strength in the anchorage zone according to Annex 23, Annex 24, Annex 25, and Annex 26 full prestressing may be applied.

- Tendons of anchorage series 1 are stressed strand by strand or all prestressing steel strands at once.
- Tendons of anchorage series 2 are stressed strand by strand.





### 3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

#### 3.1 Essential characteristics

The performances of the BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands for the essential characteristics are given in Table 8.

**Table 8** Essential characteristics and performances of the product

No	Essential characteristic	Product performance
Basic requirement for construction works 1: Mechanical resistance and stability		
1	Resistance to static load	See Clause 3.2.1.1
2	Resistance to fatigue	See Clause 3.2.1.2.
3	Load transfer to the structure	See Clause 3.2.1.3.
4	Friction coefficient	See Clause 3.2.1.4.
5	Deviation, deflection (limits) for internal bonded and unbonded tendon	See Clause 3.2.1.5.
6	Assessment of assembly	See Clause 3.2.1.6.
7	Corrosion protection	See Clause 3.2.1.7.
Basic requirement for construction works 2: Safety in case of fire		
8	Reaction to fire	See Clause 3.2.2.1.
Basic requirement for construction works 3: Hygiene, health, and the environment		
9	Content, emission, and/or release of dangerous substances	See Clause 3.2.3.1.
Basic requirement for construction works 4: Safety and accessibility in use		
—	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	—
Basic requirement for construction works 5: Protection against noise		
—	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	—
Basic requirement for construction works 6: Energy economy and heat retention		
—	Not relevant. No characteristic assessed.	—
Basic requirement for construction works 7: Sustainable use of natural resources		
—	No characteristic assessed.	—

#### 3.2 Product performance

##### 3.2.1 Mechanical resistance and stability

##### 3.2.1.1 Resistance to static load

The PT system as described in the ETA meets the acceptance criteria of EAD 160004-00-0301, Clause 2.2.1. The characteristic value of maximum force,  $F_{pk}$ , of the tendon with prestressing steel strands according to Annex 36 is given in Annex 11 and Annex 12.



construction works № 1, 2, and 3 of Regulation (EU) № 305/2011, has been made in accordance with EAD 160004-00-0301, Post-Tensioning kits for prestressing of structures, Annex A, for the following items.

- 1, Internal bonded tendon – Strands in duct, grouted
- 2, Internal unbonded tendon – Individually sheathed strands with soft corrosion protection filling material – Monostrand or band
- 4, Internal unbonded tendon – Strands in duct with soft corrosion protection filling material

### 3.4 Identification

The European Technical Assessment for the BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands is issued on the basis of agreed data that identify the assessed product<sup>6</sup>. Changes to materials, to composition, or to characteristics of the product, or to the production process could result in these deposited data being incorrect. Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik should be notified before the changes are introduced, as an amendment of the European Technical Assessment is possibly necessary.

## 4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

### 4.1 System of assessment and verification of constancy of performance

According to Commission Decision 98/456/EC the system of assessment and verification of constancy of performance to be applied to the BBR VT CONA CMF BT – Internal Post-tensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands is System 1+. System 1+ is detailed in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, Annex, point 1.1, and provides for the following items.

- (a) The manufacturer shall carry out
  - (i) factory production control;
  - (ii) further testing of samples taken at the manufacturing plant by the manufacturer in accordance with the prescribed test plan<sup>7</sup>.
- (b) The notified product certification body shall decide on the issuing, restriction, suspension, or withdrawal of the certificate of constancy of performance of the construction product on the basis of the outcome of the following assessments and verifications carried out by that body
  - (i) an assessment of the performance of the construction product carried out on the basis of testing (including sampling), calculation, tabulated values, or descriptive documentation of the product;
  - (ii) initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control;
  - (iii) continuing surveillance, assessment, and evaluation of factory production control;
  - (iv) audit-testing of samples taken by the notified product certification body at the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facilities.

<sup>6</sup> The technical file of the European Technical Assessment is deposited at Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik.

<sup>7</sup> The prescribed test plan has been deposited with Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik and is handed over only to the notified product certification body involved in the procedure for the assessment and verification of constancy of performance. The prescribed test plan is also referred to as control plan.





### 5.1.2 Declaration of performance

The manufacturer is responsible for preparing the declaration of performance. When all the criteria of the assessment and verification of constancy of performance are met, including the certificate of constancy of performance issued by the notified product certification body, the manufacturer draws up the declaration of performance. Essential characteristics to be included in the declaration of performance for the corresponding intended use are given in Table 8.

## 5.2 Tasks for the notified product certification body

### 5.2.1 Initial inspection of the manufacturing plant and of factory production control

The notified product certification body establishes that, in accordance with the prescribed test plan, the manufacturing plant, in particular personnel and equipment, and the factory production control are suitable to ensure a continuous manufacturing of the PT system according to the given technical specifications. For the most important activities, EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4 summarises the minimum procedure.

### 5.2.2 Continuing surveillance, assessment, and evaluation of factory production control

The activities are conducted by the notified product certification body and include surveillance inspections. The kit manufacturer is inspected at least once a year. Factory production control is inspected and samples are taken for independent single tensile element tests.

For the most important activities, the control plan according to EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4 summarises the minimum procedure. It is verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained, taking account of the control plan.

Each manufacturer of the components given in Annex 38 is audited at least once in five years. It is verified that the system of factory production control and the specified manufacturing process are maintained, taking account of the prescribed test plan.

The results of continuous surveillance are made available on demand by the notified product certification body to Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik. When the provisions of the European Technical Assessment and the prescribed test plan are no longer fulfilled, the certificate of constancy of performance is withdrawn by the notified product certification body.

### 5.2.3 Audit-testing of samples taken by the notified product certification body at the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facilities

During surveillance inspection, the notified product certification body takes samples of components of the PT system for independent testing. Audit-testing is conducted at least once a year by the notified product certification body. For the most important components, Annex 38 summarises the minimum procedures. Annex 38 conforms to EAD 160004-00-0301, Table 4. In particular, at least once a year, the notified product certification body also carries out one single tensile element test series according to EAD 160004-00-0301, Annex C.7 and Clause 3.3.4 on specimens taken from the manufacturing plant or at the manufacturer's storage facility.

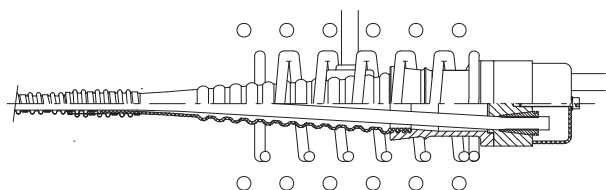
Issued in Vienna on 23 September 2019  
by Österreichisches Institut für Bautechnik

The original document is signed by

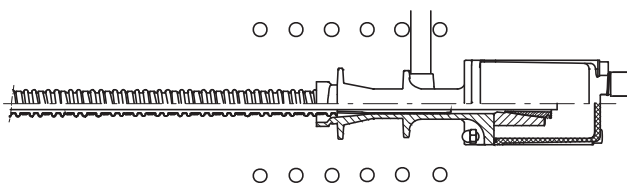
Rainer Mikulits  
Managing Director

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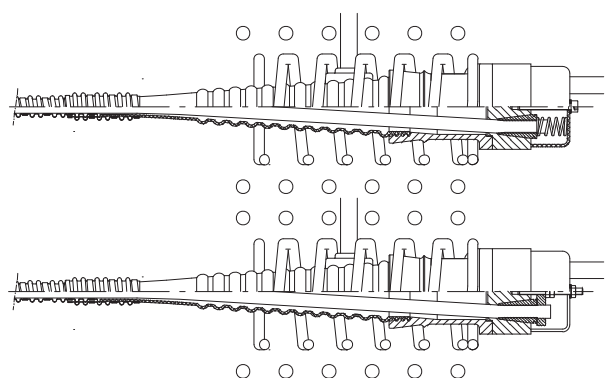
Stressing anchor SA, accessible fixed anchor FA  
 CONA CMF BT S1



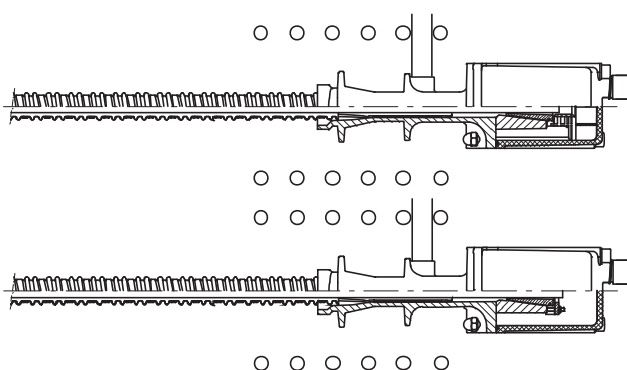
CONA CMF BT S2



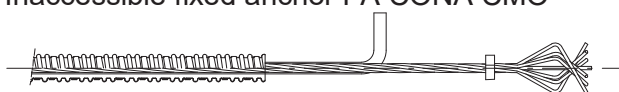
Inaccessible fixed anchor FA  
 CONA CMF BT S1



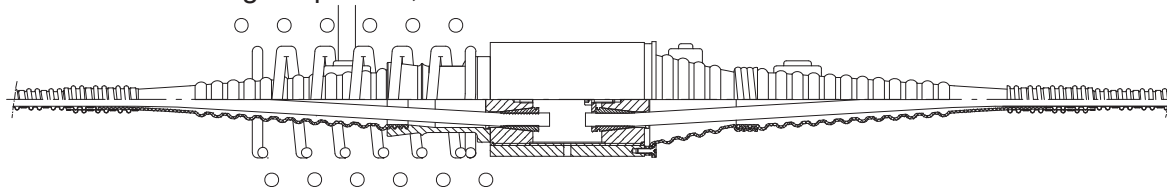
CONA CMF BT S2



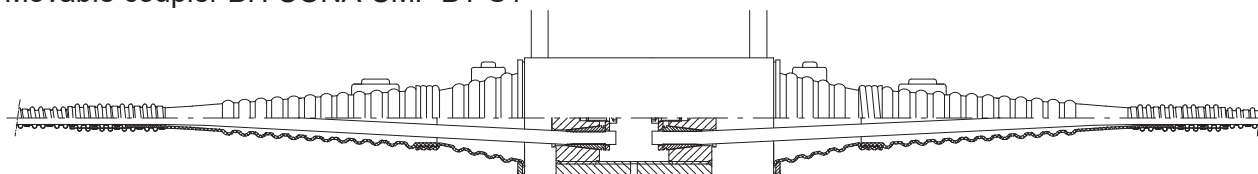
Inaccessible fixed anchor FA CONA CMO <sup>1)</sup>



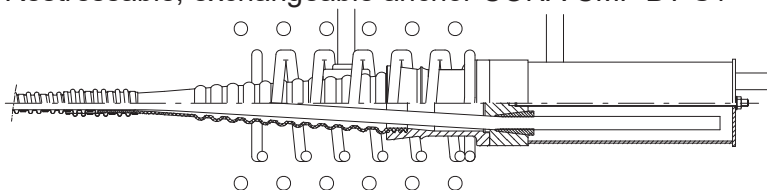
Fixed and stressing coupler FH, SH CONA CMF BT S1



Movable coupler BH CONA CMF BT S1



Restressable, exchangeable anchor CONA CMF BT S1



<sup>1)</sup> According to CONA CMO, ETA-15/0808



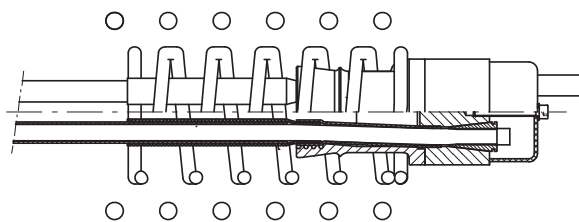
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
 Overview on anchorages and couplers for bonded and unbonded tendons, other than monostrand tendons

**Annex 1**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

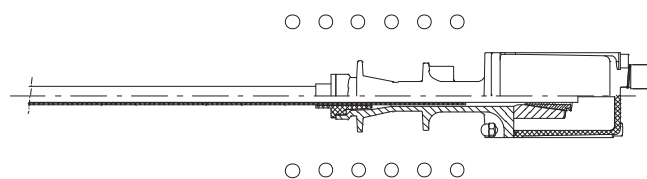
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Stressing anchor SA, accessible fixed anchor FA

CONA CMF BT S1

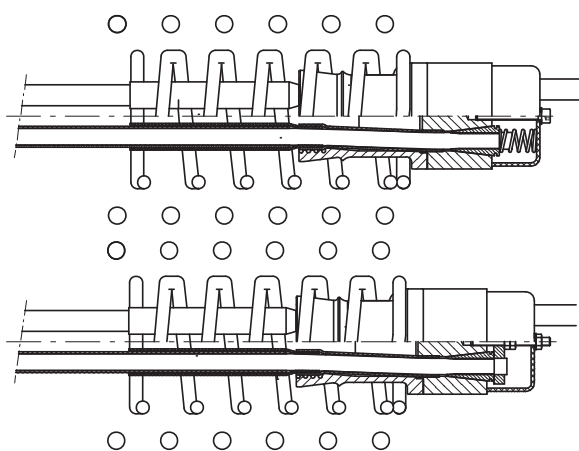


CONA CMF BT S2

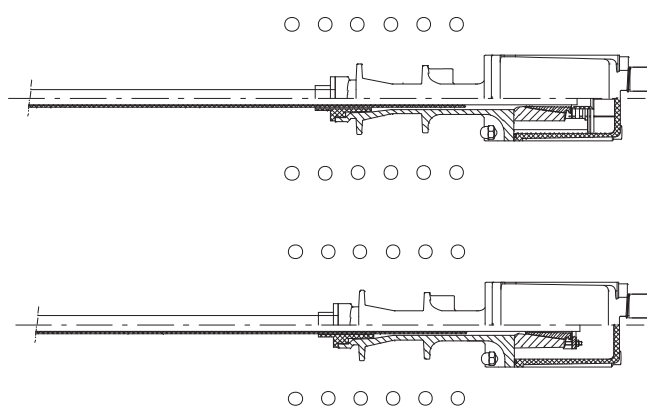


Inaccessible fixed anchor FA

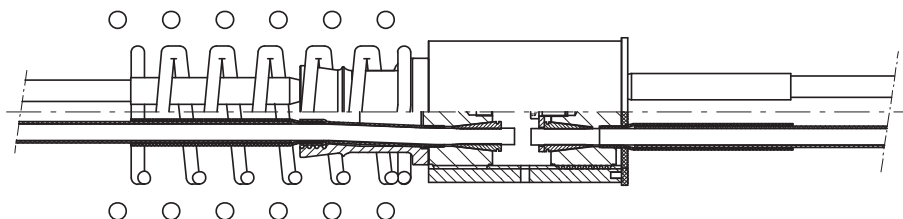
CONA CMF BT S1



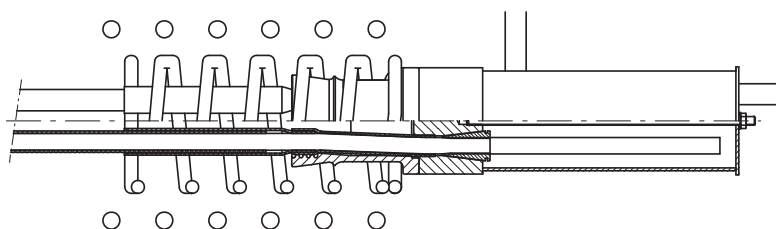
CONA CMF BT S2



Fixed and stressing coupler FH, SH CONA CMF BT S1



Restressable, exchangeable anchor CONA CMF BT S1

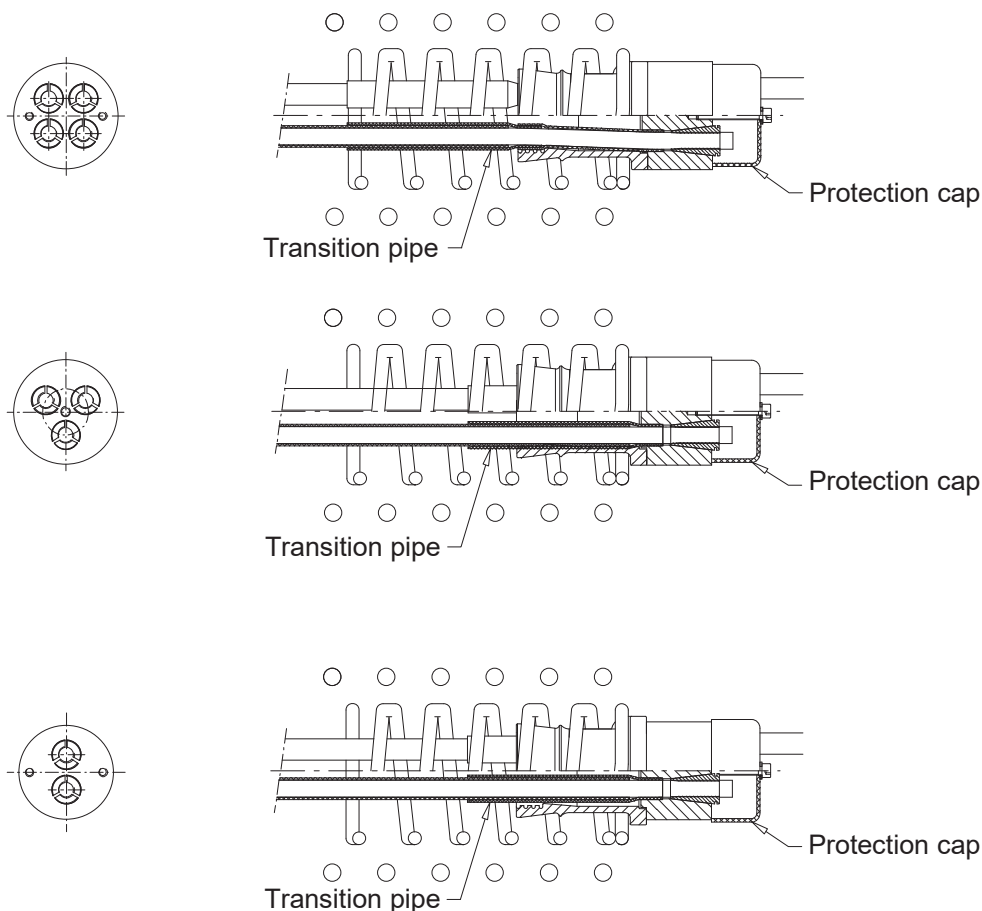


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
 Overview on anchorages and couplers for unbonded  
 tendons with monostrands or bands

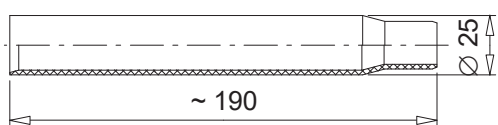
**Annex 2**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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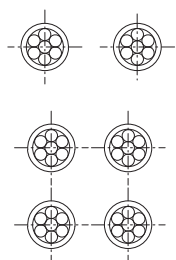
Stressing anchor SA, accessible fixed anchor FA with monostrands or bands CONA CMF BT S1



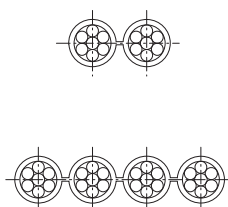
Transition pipe CONA CMF BT S1



Monostrands



Band



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1  
 Anchorages for unbonded tendons with  
 monostrands or bands

**Annex 3**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019


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Anchorage and coupler	Bonded tendon	Unbonded tendon	
	Grouted duct	Filled duct	Monostrand
<b>Anchorage series 1 – S1</b>			
Stressing anchor	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+
Fixed anchor	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+
Fixed and stressing coupler	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	+
Movable coupler	+ <sup>1)</sup>	+ <sup>1)</sup>	—
<b>Anchorage series 2 – S2</b>			
Stressing anchor	+ <sup>2)</sup>	+ <sup>2)</sup>	+
Fixed anchor	+ <sup>2)</sup>	+ <sup>2)</sup>	+
<b>Anchorage by bond in combination with bulb-ends – CMO</b>			
Fixed anchor	+ <sup>1), 2)</sup>	—	—

Key  
 +..... Available  
 —..... Not available  
 1)..... With circular duct  
 2)..... With flat duct

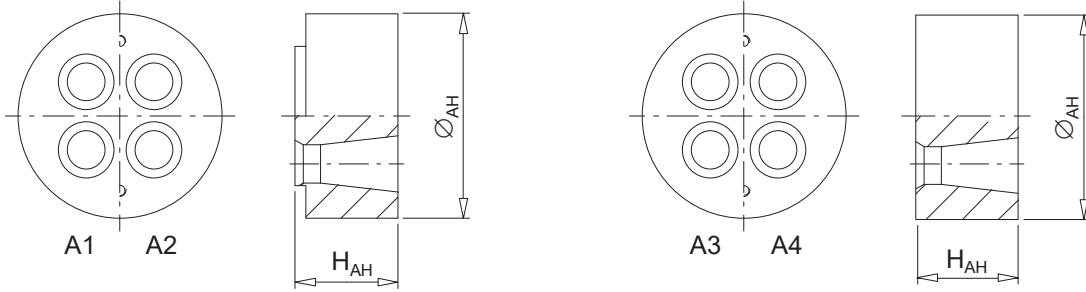
Anchorage and coupler	Prestressing steel strand			
	05		06	
	93 mm <sup>2</sup>	100 mm <sup>2</sup>	140 mm <sup>2</sup>	150 mm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Anchorage series 1 – S1</b>				
Stressing and fixed anchor	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —
Fixed and stressing coupler	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —
Movable coupler	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —	02 03 04 — —
<b>Anchorage series 2 – S2</b>				
Stressing and fixed anchor	02 03 04 05 06	02 03 04 05 06	02 03 04 05 —	02 03 04 05 —
<b>Anchorage by bond in combination with bulb-ends – CMO</b>				
Fixed anchor	02 03 04 05 06	02 03 04 05 06	02 03 04 05 06	02 03 04 05 06

Key  
 02, 03, 04, 05, 06..... Available number of prestressing steel strands of tendon  
 —..... Tendon not available

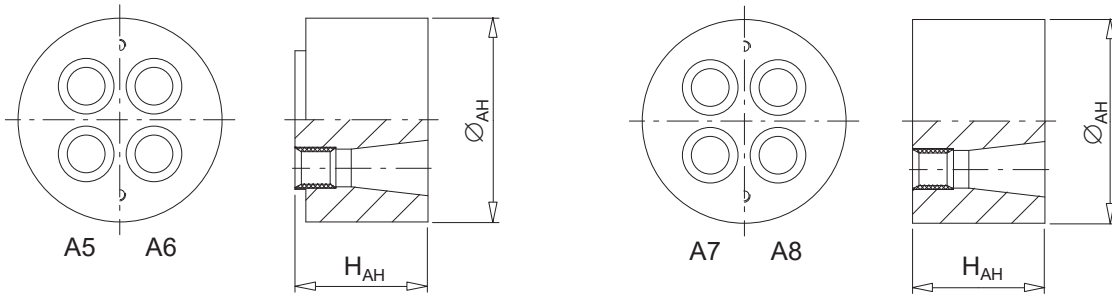
	<b>Internal Post-tensioning System</b> Anchorage series 1 and series 2 Available tendon ranges	<b>Annex 4</b> of European Technical Assessment <b>ETA-12/0076</b> of 23.09.2019
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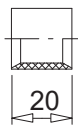
Anchor head A1–A4, CONA CMF BT S1



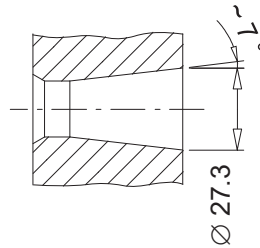
Anchor head A5–A8, CONA CMF BT S1



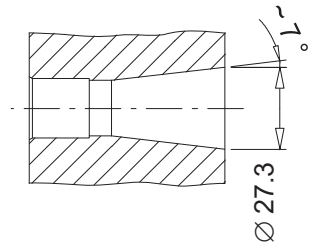
Ring cushion A5–A8  
 CONA CMF BT S1



Cone A1–A4  
 CONA CMF BT S1



Cone A5–A8  
 CONA CMF BT S1



Dimensions in mm

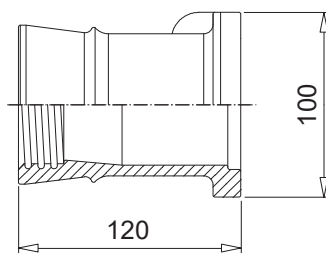
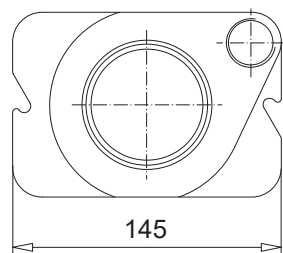
Number of strands			0205	0305	0405	0206	0306	0406
<b>Anchor head</b>								
Diameter	$\varnothing_A$	mm	90	100	100	90	100	100
Height head anchor A1–A4	$H_A$	mm	50	50	50	50	50	50
Height head anchor A5–A8		mm	65	65	65	65	65	65



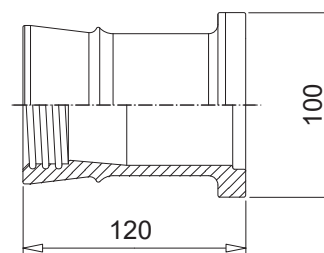
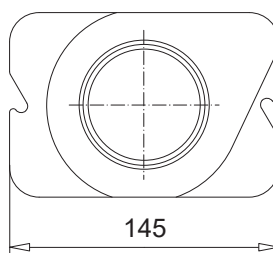
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1  
 Anchor heads

**Annex 5**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

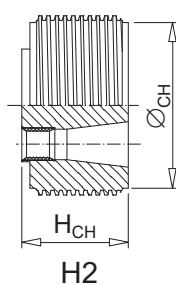
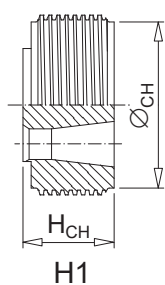
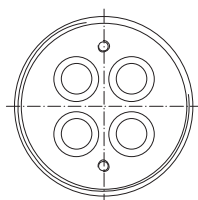
Bearing trumplate A CONA CMF BT S1



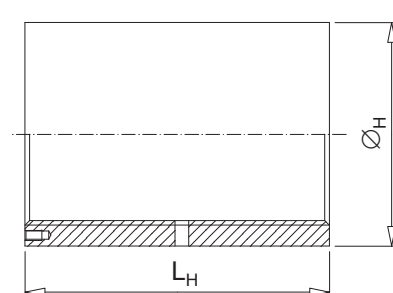
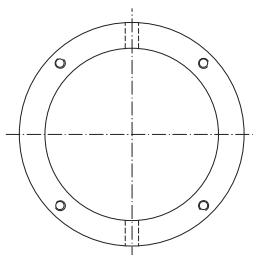
Bearing trumplate B CONA CMF BT S1



Coupler head H CONA CMF BT S1



Coupler sleeve H CONA CMF BT S1



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands			0205	0305	0405	0206	0306	0406
<b>Coupler anchor head H1</b>								
Diameter	$\varnothing_{AH}$	mm	90	100	100	90	100	100
Height	$H_{AH}$	mm	50	50	55	50	50	55
<b>Coupler anchor head H2</b>								
Diameter	$\varnothing_{AH}$	mm	90	100	100	90	100	100
Height	$H_{AH}$	mm	65	65	65	65	65	65
<b>Coupler sleeve H</b>								
Diameter	$\varnothing_H$	mm	114	121	130	114	121	130
Length	$L_H$	mm	180	180	180	180	180	180



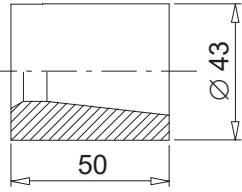
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Bearing trumplate  
Sleeve coupler

**Annex 6**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

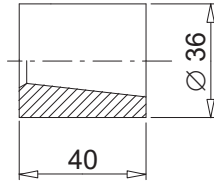
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**Mono barrels**

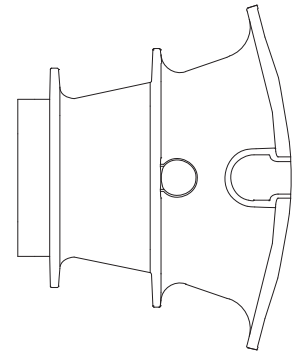
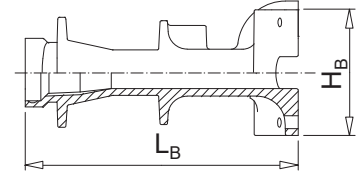
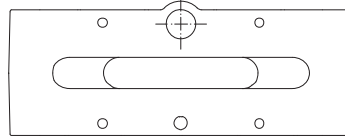
Anchor head 0106 CONA CMF BT S2



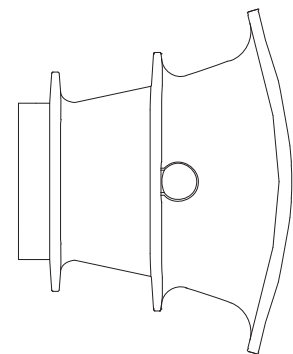
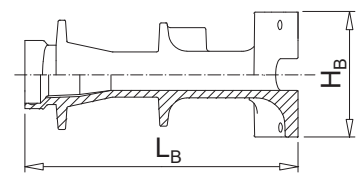
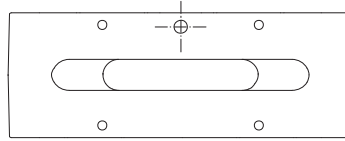
Anchor head 0105 CONA CMF BT S2



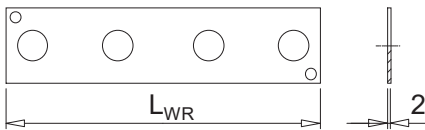
Bearing trumplate A  
CONA CMF BT S2



Bearing trumplate B  
CONA CMF BT S2



Wedge retaining plate  
CONA CMF BT S2



Dimensions in mm

<b>Bearing trumplate A and B CONA CMF BT S2</b>				0206	0306	0406	0506
Number of strands				0205, 0305	0405	0505	0605
Bearing trumplate	Height H <sub>B</sub>	mm		70	70	80	90
	Length L <sub>B</sub>	mm		109	164	174	243
Wedge retaining plate	Width L <sub>WR</sub>	mm		145	170	200	245



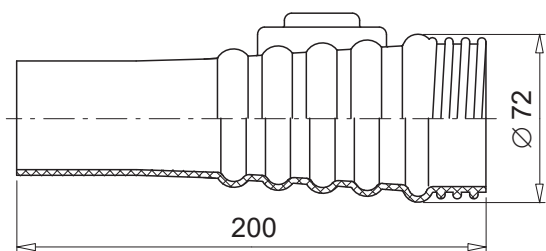
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 2  
 Anchor heads  
 Bearing trumplate

**Annex 7**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

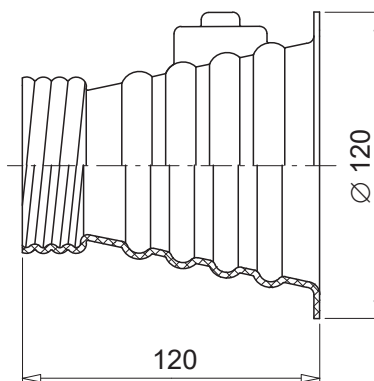


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Trumpet A CONA CMF BT S1



Trumpet FH CONA CMF BT S1

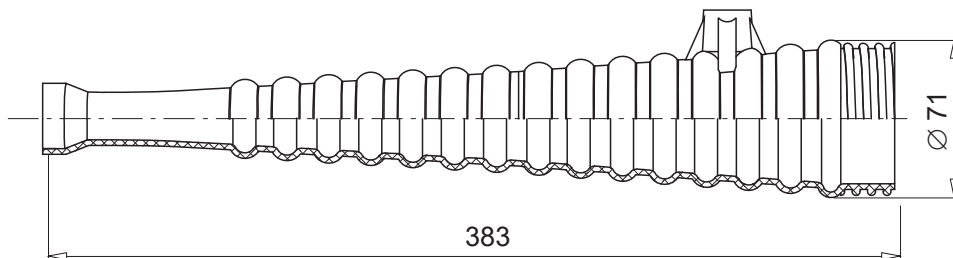


Trumpet F  
CONA CMF BT S1

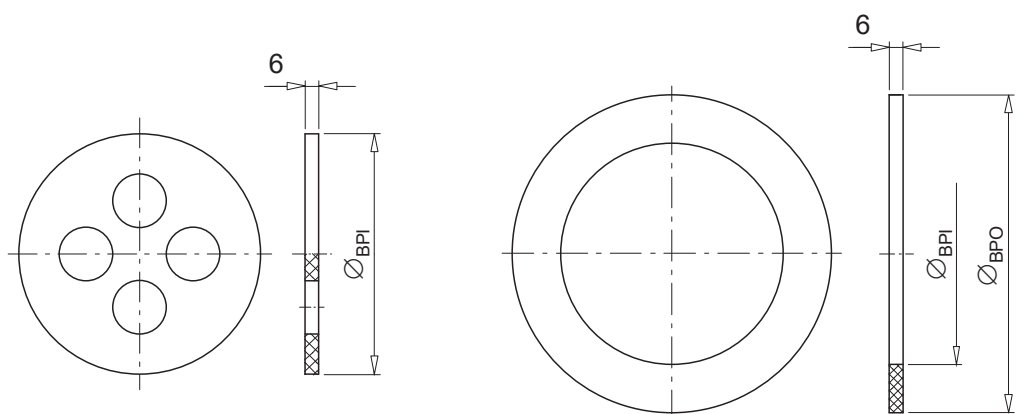
0405, 0306, 0406



0205, 0305, 0206



BDS plate  
CONA CMF BT S1



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands	0205	0305	0405	0206	0306	0406
<b>BDS plate CONA CMF BT S1</b>						
BDS plates	Ø <sub>BPI</sub> mm	85	90	95	85	90
	Ø <sub>BPO</sub> mm	125	130	140	125	130

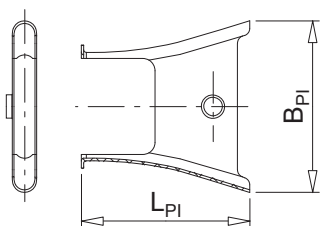


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Trumpets  
BDS plate

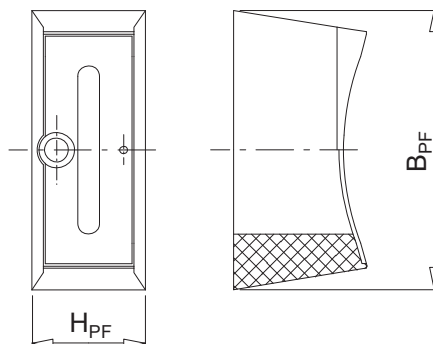
**Annex 8**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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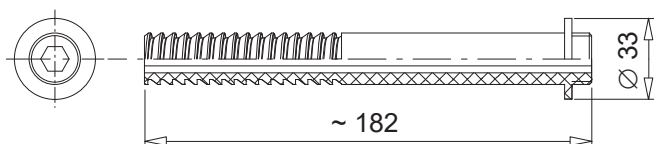
Plastic insert A CONA CMF BT S2



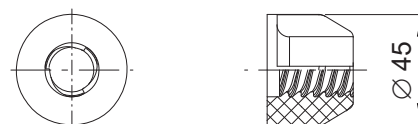
Pocket former R CONA CMF BT S2



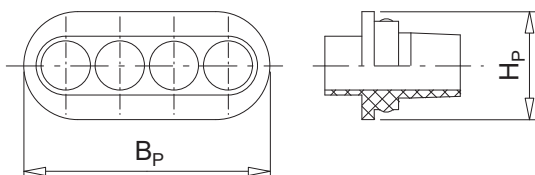
Mandrel CONA CMF BT S2



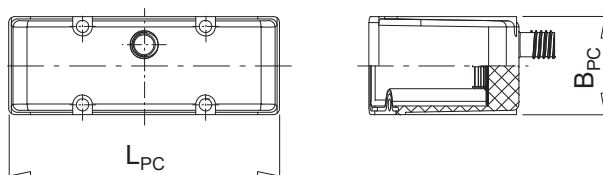
Nut CONA CMF BT S2



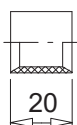
Plug CONA CMF BT S2



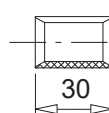
Protection cap A CONA CMF BT S2



Wedge holding ring 06 CONA CMF BT S2



Wedge holding ring 05 CONA CMF BT S2



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands			0206 <i>0205, 0305</i>	0306 <i>0405</i>	0406 <i>0505</i>	0506 <i>0605</i>
Plastic insert A CONA CMF BT S2	Width	B <sub>PI</sub>	83	119	139	175
	Length	L <sub>PI</sub>	83	130	137	177
Pocket former R CONA CMF BT S2	Width	B <sub>PF</sub>	210	240	270	310
	Height	H <sub>PF</sub>	90	100	110	120
Protection Cap A CONA CMF BT S2	Width	B <sub>PC</sub>	70	70	80	90
	Length	L <sub>PC</sub>	165	190	220	265
Plug CONA CMF BT S2	Width	B <sub>P</sub>	82	94	100	149
	Height	H <sub>P</sub>	37	42	44	42

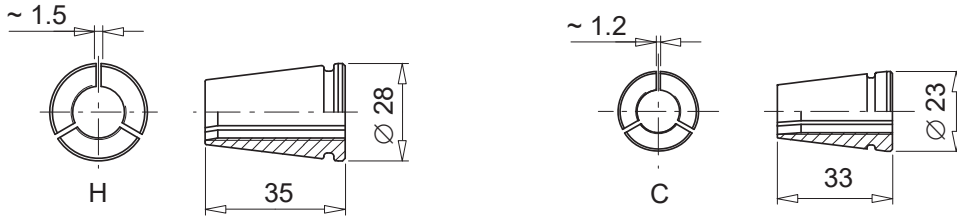


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Plastic insert – Pocket former – Plug  
Protection cap – Wedge holding ring

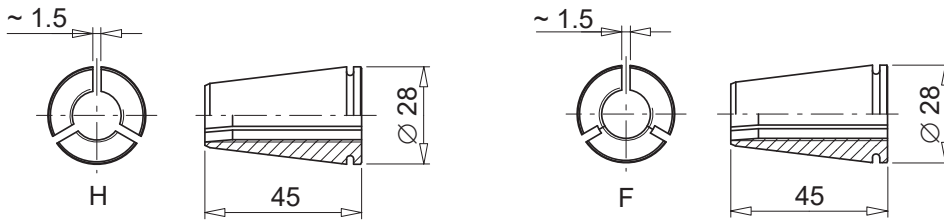
**Annex 9**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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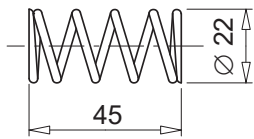
Ring wedges CONA CMF BT S1-05 and S2-05



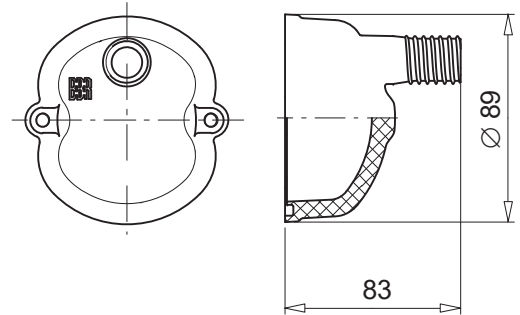
Ring wedges CONA CMF BT S1-06 and S2-06



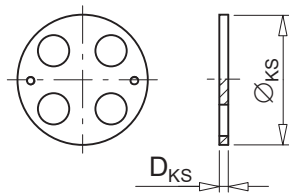
Spring A CONA CMF BT S1



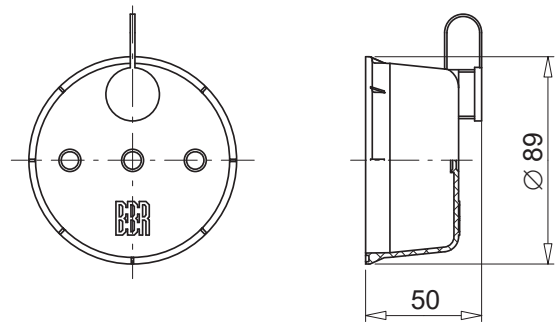
Grouting cap A CONA CMF BT S1



Wedge retaining plate KS CONA CMF BT S1



Protection cap A CONA CMF BT S1



Dimensions in mm

Number of strands			0205	0305	0405	0206	0306	0406
<b>Wedge retaining plate KS</b>								
Minimum diameter	$\varnothing_{KS}$	mm	65	73	75	65	73	75
Thickness	$D_{KS}$	mm	5	5	5	5	5	5



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
 Wedges – Spring – Retaining plate  
 Grouting cap – Protection cap

**Annex 10**  
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CONA CMF BT *n05-93*

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon
			$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	$A_p$	M	$F_{pk}$
—	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg/m	kN
02	186	1.45	346
03	279	2.18	519
04	372	2.91	692
05	465	3.63	865
06	558	4.36	1 038

CONA CMF BT *n05-100*

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon
			$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	$A_p$	M	$F_{pk}$
—	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg/m	kN
02	200	1.56	372
03	300	2.34	558
04	400	3.12	744
05	500	3.91	930
06	600	4.69	1 116



CONA CMF BT

**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
Tendon ranges  
Prestressing steel strands 93 mm<sup>2</sup> and 100 mm<sup>2</sup>

**Annex 11**  
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CONA CMF BT n06-140

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon
			$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	$A_p$	M	$F_{pk}$
—	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg/m	kN
02	280	2.19	520
03	420	3.28	780
04	560	4.37	1 040
05	700	5.47	1 300

CONA CMF BT n06-150

Number of strands	Nominal cross-sectional area of prestressing steel	Nominal mass of prestressing steel	Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon
			$f_{pk} = 1\,860\text{ MPa}$
n	$A_p$	M	$F_{pk}$
—	mm <sup>2</sup>	kg/m	kN
02	300	2.34	558
03	450	3.52	837
04	600	4.69	1 116
05	750	5.86	1 395

	<p><b>Internal Post-tensioning System</b> Anchorage series 1 and series 2 Tendon ranges Prestressing steel strands 140 mm<sup>2</sup> and 150 mm<sup>2</sup></p>	<p><b>Annex 12</b> of European Technical Assessment <b>ETA-12/0076</b> of 23.09.2019</p>
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**Inner diameter of circular duct,  $d_i$ , and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 200$  kN/m**

Number of strands	$f \approx 0.25$		$f \approx 0.30$		$f \approx 0.35$	
	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$
—	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
<i>0205</i>	30	1.7	30	1.7	30	1.7
<i>0305</i>	40	1.7	35	1.7	35	1.8
<i>0405</i>	45	1.8	40	1.8	40	1.8
0206	40	2.0	35	2.0	35	2.0
0306	50	2.0	45	2.2	40	2.7
0406	55	2.7	50	2.7	45	2.7

**Inner diameter of circular duct,  $d_i$ , and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 230$  kN/m**

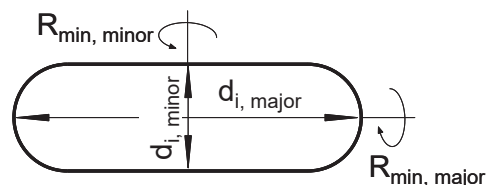
Number of strands	$f \approx 0.25$		$f \approx 0.30$		$f \approx 0.35$	
	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$	$d_{duct, l}$	$R_{min}$
—	mm	m	mm	m	mm	m
<i>0205</i>	30	1.7	30	1.7	30	1.7
<i>0305</i>	40	1.7	35	1.7	35	1.7
<i>0405</i>	45	1.7	40	1.7	40	1.7
0206	40	2.0	35	2.0	35	2.0
0306	50	2.0	45	2.0	40	2.4
0406	55	2.4	50	2.4	45	2.4



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Circular duct –  $p_{R, max} = 200$  and 230 kN/m  
Minimum radii of curvature

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**Inner dimensions,  $d_i$ , of flat ducts and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 130$  kN/m**

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radii of curvature	
	$d_{i, major}$	$d_{i, minor}$	$R_{min, major}$	$R_{min, minor}$
<i>n05 n06</i>				
—	mm	mm	m	m
<i>0205</i>	40	20	1.7	2.1
<i>0305</i>	55	20	1.7	3.2
<i>0405</i>	70	20	1.7	4.3
<i>0505</i>	70	20	1.7	5.4
<i>0605</i>	90	20	1.7	6.4
0206	40	20	2.0	3.2
0306	55	20	2.0	4.8
0406	70	20	2.0	6.4
0506	90	20	2.0	8.0

**Inner dimensions,  $d_i$ , of flat ducts and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 150$  kN/m**

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radii of curvature	
	$d_{i, major}$	$d_{i, minor}$	$R_{min, major}$	$R_{min, minor}$
<i>n05 n06</i>				
—	mm	mm	m	m
<i>0205</i>	40	20	1.7	1.9
<i>0305</i>	55	20	1.7	2.8
<i>0405</i>	70	20	1.7	3.7
<i>0505</i>	70	20	1.7	4.6
<i>0605</i>	90	20	1.7	5.6
0206	40	20	2.0	2.8
0306	55	20	2.0	4.2
0406	70	20	2.0	5.6
0506	90	20	2.0	7.0

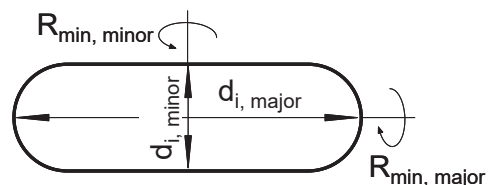


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Flat duct –  $p_{R, max} = 130$  and  $150$  kN/m  
Minimum radii of curvature

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**Inner dimensions,  $d_i$ , of flat ducts and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 200$  kN/m**

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radii of curvature	
	$d_{i, major}$	$d_{i, minor}$	$R_{min, major}$	$R_{min, minor}$
<i>n05 n06</i>				
—	mm	mm	m	m
<i>0205</i>	40	20	1.7	1.7
<i>0305</i>	55	20	1.7	2.1
<i>0405</i>	70	20	1.7	2.8
<i>0505</i>	70	20	1.7	3.5
<i>0605</i>	90	20	1.7	4.2
0206	40	20	2.0	2.1
0306	55	20	2.0	3.1
0406	70	20	2.0	4.2
0506	90	20	2.0	5.2

**Inner dimensions,  $d_i$ , of flat ducts and minimum radii of curvature,  $R_{min}$ , for  $p_{R, max} = 230$  kN/m**

Number of strands	Inner dimensions		Radii of curvature	
	$d_{i, major}$	$d_{i, minor}$	$R_{min, major}$	$R_{min, minor}$
<i>n05 n06</i>				
—	mm	mm	m	m
<i>0205</i>	40	20	1.7	1.7
<i>0305</i>	55	20	1.7	1.8
<i>0405</i>	70	20	1.7	2.4
<i>0505</i>	70	20	1.7	3.0
<i>0605</i>	90	20	1.7	3.6
0206	40	20	2.0	2.0
0306	55	20	2.0	2.7
0406	70	20	2.0	3.6
0506	90	20	2.0	4.5



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Flat duct –  $p_{R, max} = 200$  and 230 kN/m  
Minimum radii of curvature

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**Diameters and wall thickness,  $t_{min}$ , of plastic duct**

Number of strands $n05\ n06$ —	Corrugated plastic duct		Smooth plastic duct		
	Internal diameter $d_i$ mm	Wall thickness $t_{min}$ mm	Outer diameter $d_o$ mm	Internal diameter $d_i$ mm	Wall thickness $t_{min}$ mm
0205	30	1.5	40	36	2
0305	35	1.5	50	45	2.5
0405	40	1.5	63	57	3
0206	35	1.5	40	36	2
0306	40	2	50	45	2.5
0406	45	2	63	57	3

**Wall thickness,  $t_{min}$ , of smooth steel duct**

Number of strands $n05\ n06$ —	Wall thickness $t_{min}$ mm
0205	0.6
0305	0.9
0405	
0206	
0306	1.1
0406	

**Inner dimensions and wall thickness,  $t_{min}$ , of flat plastic duct**

Number of strands $n05\ n06$ —	Corrugated flat plastic duct		
	Inner dimensions		Wall thickness
	$d_{i\ major}$ mm	$d_{i\ minor}$ mm	$t_{min}$ mm
0205	40	20	2
0305	70	21	2
0405	70	21	2
0505	75	21	2
0605	90	21	2
0206	40	20	2
0306	70	21	2
0406	70	21	2
0506	90	21	2

Wall thickness for circular and flat steel strip sheath is according to EN 523.



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
Minimum wall thickness of duct

**Annex 17**  
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**Maximum prestressing and overstressing forces, 06 prestressing steel strand**

Force		Maximum prestressing force <sup>1), 3)</sup>				Maximum overstressing force <sup>1), 2), 3)</sup>			
		0.9 · F <sub>p0.1</sub>				0.95 · F <sub>p0.1</sub>			
Tendon designation		CONA CMF BT							
		n06-140		n06-150		n06-140		n06-150	
Characteristic tensile strength	MPa	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860	1 770	1 860
—	—	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN	kN
n Number of strands	02	392	412	421	443	414	435	445	467
	03	589	618	632	664	621	653	667	701
	04	785	824	842	886	828	870	889	935
	05	981	1 031	1 053	1 107	1 036	1 088	1 112	1 169

- 1) The given values are maximum values according to Eurocode 2. The actual values are taken from the standards and regulations in force at the place of use. Conformity with the stabilisation and crack width criteria in the load transfer tests has been verified to a load level of 0.80 · F<sub>pk</sub>.
- 2) Overstressing is permitted if the force in the prestressing jack can be measured to an accuracy of ± 5 % of the final value of the prestressing force.
- 3) For prestressing steel strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the values are multiplied by 0.98.

Where

F<sub>pk</sub> ..... Characteristic value of maximum force of tendon

F<sub>p0.1</sub> ..... Characteristic value of 0.1 % proof force of the tendon

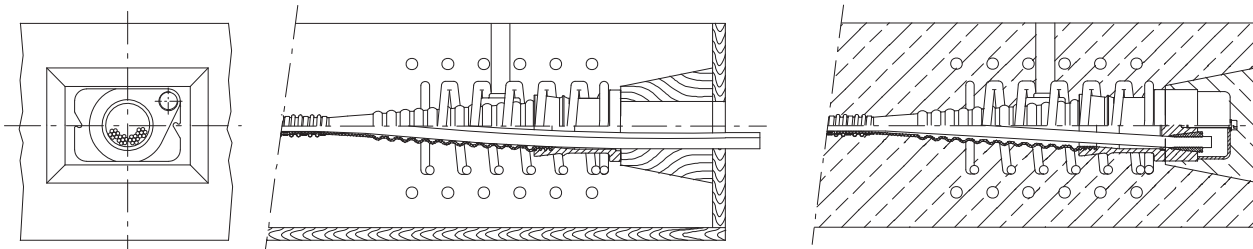


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
Maximum prestressing and overstressing forces  
Prestressing steel strands 140 mm<sup>2</sup> and 150 mm<sup>2</sup>

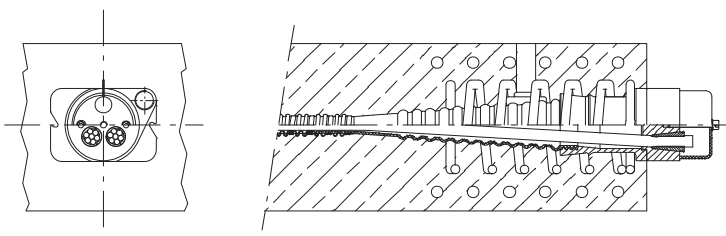
**Annex 20**  
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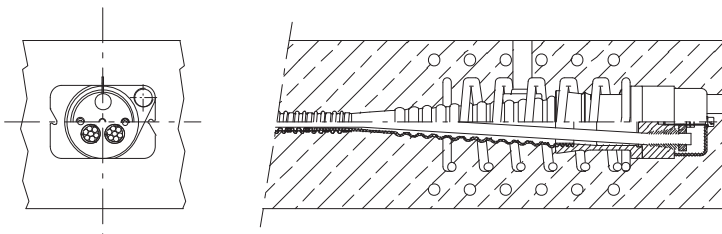
**Recessed stressing anchor SA CONA CMF BT S1**



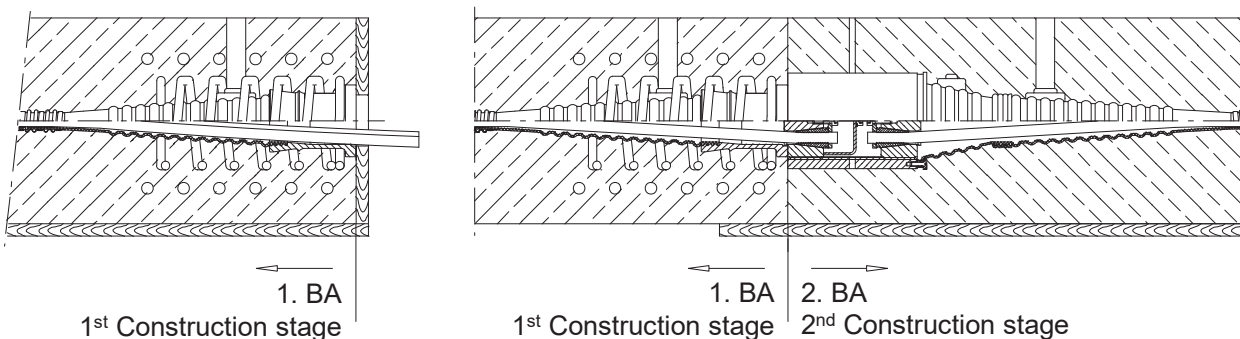
**Exposed stressing anchor SA CONA CMF BT S1**



**Fixed anchor FA CONA CMF BT S1**



**Fixed and stressing coupler FH, SH CONA CMF BT S1**

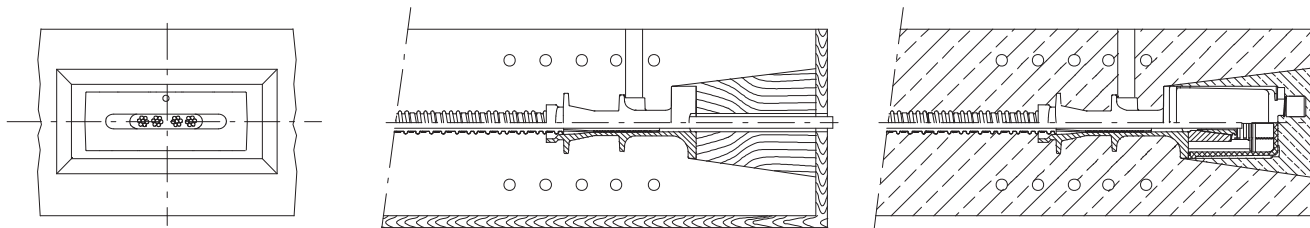


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1  
 Construction stages

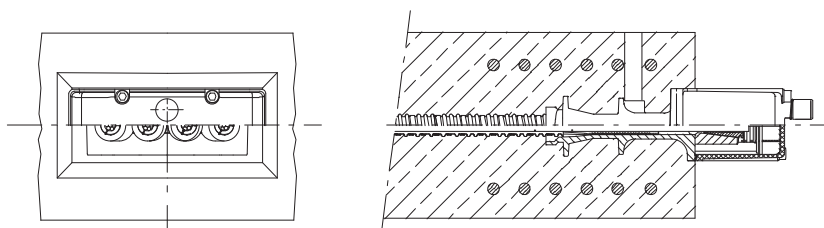
**Annex 21**  
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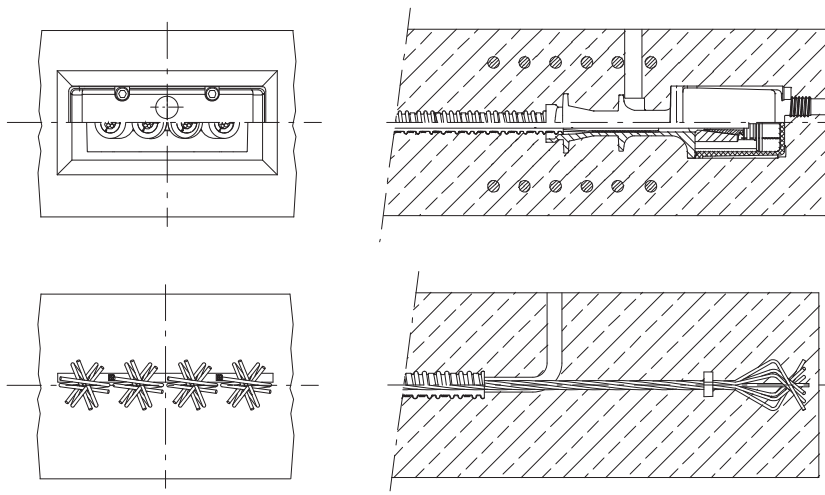
Recessed stressing anchor SA CONA CMF BT S2



Exposed stressing anchor SA CONA CMF BT S2

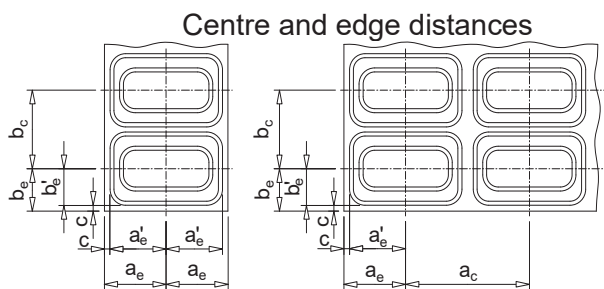


Fixed anchor FA CONA CMF BT S2

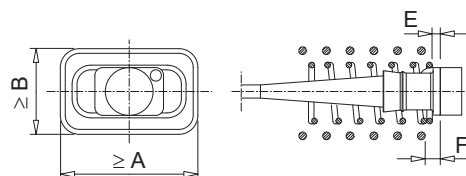


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Construction stages

**Annex 22**  
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Stressing and fixed anchor or coupler



$$a_e = a'_e + c$$

$$b_e = b'_e + c$$

c...concrete cover

BBR VT CONA CMF BT S1		0205		0305		0405	
Strand arrangement		⊙⊙		⊙⊙		⊙⊙	
<b>7-wire prestressing steel strand</b>							
Maximum characteristic tensile strength <b>1 860</b> <sup>1)</sup>							
Nominal diameter	in	0.49	0.51	0.49	0.51	0.49	0.51
	mm	12.5	12.9	12.5	12.9	12.5	12.9
<b>Cross-sectional area</b>		<b>mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>93</b>
<b>Tendon</b>							
Cross-sectional area	$A_p$	mm <sup>2</sup>	186	200	279	300	372
Charact. value of maximum force	$F_{pk}$	kN	346	372	519	558	692
Charact. value of 0.1 % proof force <sup>2)</sup>	$F_{p0.1}$	kN	304	328	456	492	608
Max. prestressing force <sup>2)</sup>	$0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	274	295	410	443	547
Max. overstressing force <sup>2)</sup>	$0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	289	312	433	467	578
<b>Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance</b>							
<b>Minimum concrete strength</b>							
<b>Cube</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>21</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>25</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>21</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>25</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>21</b> <sup>3)</sup>
<b>Cylinder</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>17</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>20</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>17</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>20</b> <sup>3)</sup>	<b>17</b> <sup>3)</sup>
<b>Helix – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa</b>							
Outer dimensions		mm	/				
Bar diameter		mm					
Length, approximately		mm					
Pitch		mm					
Number of pitches		—					
Distance	E	mm					
<b>Additional reinforcement<sup>4)</sup> – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa<sup>5)</sup></b>							
Number of stirrups		—	4	4	4	4	7
Bar diameter		mm	8	8	10	10	10
Spacing		mm	50	50	50	50	50
Distance from bearing trumplate	F	mm	35	35	35	35	35
Minimum outer dimensions	A / B	mm	160 / 120	160 / 120	190 / 130	160 / 120	320 / 155
<b>Centre spacing and edge distance</b>							
Min. centre spacing	$a_c / b_c$	mm	180 / 140	180 / 140	210 / 150	180 / 140	340 / 175
Min. edge distance	$a'_e / b'_e$	mm	80 / 60	80 / 60	95 / 65	80 / 60	160 / 80

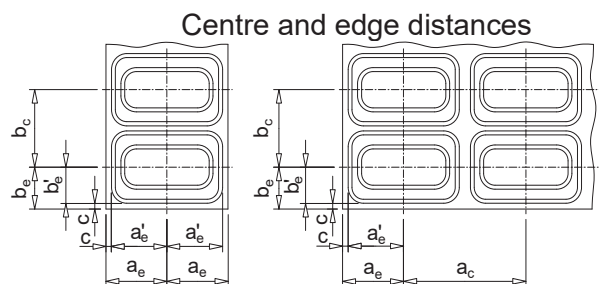
- 1) Prestressing steel strand with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.
- 2) For prestressing steel strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the values are multiplied by 0.98.
- 3) Both concrete strengths are applicable to tendons with prestressing steel strands of both nominal diameters 12.5 and 12.9 mm.
- 4) Additional reinforcement may be replaced by a rectangular helix of identical bar diameter and external dimensions, and number of turns equal to number of stirrups plus one.
- 5) Reinforcing steel with  $R_e \geq 460$  MPa requires a stirrup spacing of 40 mm and one additional stirrup.



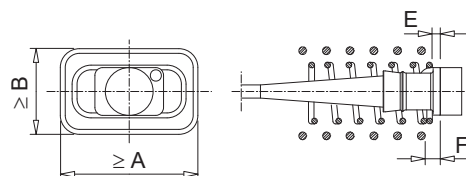
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional  
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

**Annex 23**  
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Stressing and fixed anchor or coupler



$$a_e = a_e' + c$$

$$b_e = b_e' + c$$

c...concrete cover

<b>BBR VT CONA CMF BT S1</b>		<b>0206</b>		<b>0306</b>		<b>0406</b>		
Strand arrangement		⊙		⊙		⊙		
<b>7-wire prestressing steel strand</b>								
Maximum characteristic tensile strength <b>1 860<sup>1)</sup></b>								
Nominal diameter	in	0.6	0.62	0.6	0.62	0.6	0.62	
	mm	15.3	15.7	15.3	15.7	15.3	15.7	
<b>Cross-sectional area</b>		<b>mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>140</b>	
<b>Tendon</b>								
Cross-sectional area	$A_p$	mm <sup>2</sup>	280	300	420	450	560	
Charact. value of maximum force	$F_{pk}$	kN	520	558	780	837	1 040	
Charact. value of 0.1 % proof force <sup>2)</sup>	$F_{p0.1}$	kN	458	492	687	738	916	
Max. prestressing force <sup>2)</sup>	$0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	412	443	618	664	824	
Max. overstressing force <sup>2)</sup>	$0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	435	467	653	701	870	
<b>Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance</b>								
<b>Minimum concrete strength</b>								
<b>Cube</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>25<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>25</b>	
<b>Cylinder</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>17<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>20<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>20</b>	
<b>Helix – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa</b>								
Outer dimensions	mm				240 / 110		240 / 130	
Bar diameter	mm				10		10	
Length, approximately	mm				240		285	
Pitch	mm				45		45	
Number of pitches	—				6		7	
Distance	E mm				15		15	
<b>Additional reinforcement<sup>4)</sup> – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa<sup>5)</sup></b>								
Number of stirrups	—	4	4	6	7			
Bar diameter	mm	10	10	10	10			
Spacing	mm	50	50	50	50			
Distance from bearing trumplate	F mm	35	35	35	35			
Minimum outer dimensions	A / B mm	190 / 130	160 / 120	290 / 155	290 / 180			
<b>Centre spacing and edge distance</b>								
Min. centre spacing	$a_c / b_c$	mm	210 / 150	180 / 140	310 / 175	310 / 200		
Min. edge distance	$a_e' / b_e'$	mm	95 / 65	80 / 60	145 / 80	145 / 90		

- 1) Prestressing steel strand with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.
- 2) For prestressing steel strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the values are multiplied by 0.98.
- 3) Both concrete strengths are applicable to tendons with prestressing steel strands of both nominal diameters 15.3 and 15.7 mm.
- 4) Additional reinforcement may be replaced by a rectangular helix of identical bar diameter and external dimensions, and number of turns equal to number of stirrups plus one.
- 5) Reinforcing steel with  $R_e \geq 460$  MPa requires a stirrup spacing of 40 mm and one additional stirrup.

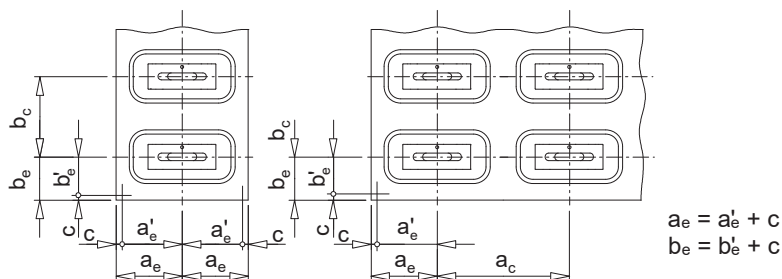


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional  
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

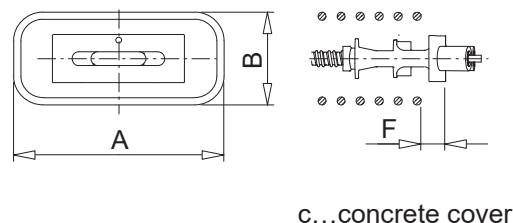
**Annex 24**  
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**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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Centre and edge distances



Stressing and fixed anchor



BBR VT CONA CMF BT S2		0206, 0205 <sup>1)</sup>		0305		0306		0405		
Strand arrangement										
<b>7-wire prestressing steel strand</b>										
Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 <sup>2)</sup>										
Nominal diameter	in	0.60	0.62	0.49	0.51	0.60	0.62	0.49	0.51	
	mm	15.3	15.7	12.5	12.9	15.3	15.7	12.5	12.9	
<b>Cross-sectional area</b>	<b>mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	
<b>Tendon</b>										
Cross-sectional area	$A_p$	mm <sup>2</sup>	280	300	279	300	420	450	372	400
Charact. value of maximum force	$F_{pk}$	kN	520	558	519	558	780	837	692	744
Charact. value of 0.1 % proof force <sup>3)</sup>	$F_{p0.1}$	kN	458	492	456	492	687	738	608	656
Max. prestressing force <sup>3)</sup>	$0.90 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	412	443	410	443	618	664	547	590
Max. overstressing force <sup>3)</sup>	$0.95 \cdot F_{p0.1}$	kN	435	467	433	467	653	701	578	623
<b>Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance</b>										
<b>Minimum concrete strength</b>										
<b>Cube</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>4)</sup></b>	
<b>Cylinder</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>4)</sup></b>	
<b>Additional reinforcement<sup>5)</sup> – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa<sup>6)</sup></b>										
Number of stirrups	—		3	3	3	4	4	4	4	
Bar diameter	mm		10	10	10	12	12	12	12	
Spacing	mm		40	40	40	40	40	40	40	
Distance from bearing trumplate F	mm		35	35	35	45	45	45	45	
Minimum outer dimensions	A / B	mm	200 / 90	200 / 90	200 / 90	230 / 100	230 / 100	230 / 100	230 / 100	
<b>Centre spacing and edge distance</b>										
Min. centre spacing	$a_c / b_c$	mm	220 / 150	220 / 150	220 / 150	300 / 165	300 / 165	300 / 165	300 / 165	
Min. edge distance	$a'_e / b'_e$	mm	100 / 65	100 / 65	100 / 65	140 / 75	140 / 75	140 / 75	140 / 75	

- 1) Strand specification and forces different for 0205. See Annex 11, Annex 19, and Annex 36.
- 2) Prestressing steel strand with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.
- 3) For prestressing steel strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the values are multiplied by 0.98.
- 4) Concrete strength is applicable to tendons with prestressing steel strands of both nominal diameters 15.3 mm and 15.7 mm or 12.5 mm and 12.9 mm.
- 5) Additional reinforcement may be replaced by a rectangular helix of identical bar diameter and external dimensions, and number of turns equal to number of stirrups plus one.
- 6) Reinforcing steel with  $R_e \geq 460$  MPa requires a stirrup spacing of 35 mm and one additional stirrup.

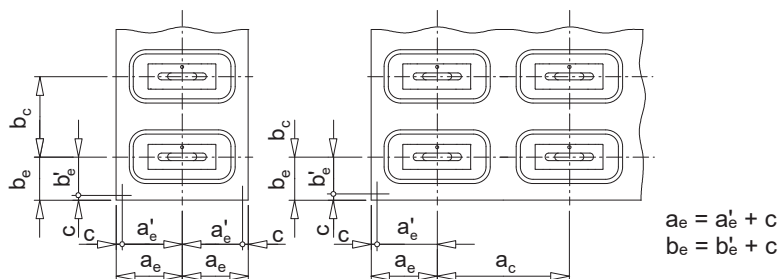


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional  
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

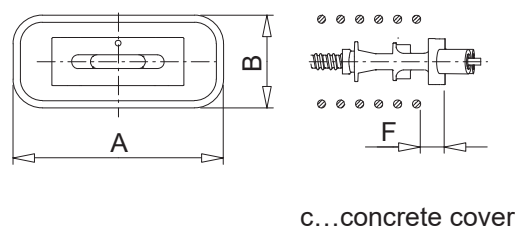
**Annex 25**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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Centre and edge distances



Stressing and fixed anchor



c...concrete cover

BBR VT CONA CMF BT S2		0406		0505		0506		0605		
Strand arrangement										
<b>7-wire prestressing steel strand</b>										
Maximum characteristic tensile strength 1 860 <sup>1)</sup>										
Nominal diameter	in	0.60	0.62	0.49	0.51	0.60	0.62	0.49	0.51	
	mm	15.3	15.7	12.5	12.9	15.3	15.7	12.5	12.9	
<b>Cross-sectional area</b>	<b>mm<sup>2</sup></b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>100</b>	
<b>Tendon</b>										
Cross-sectional area	A <sub>p</sub>	mm <sup>2</sup>	560	600	465	500	700	750	558	600
Charact. value of maximum force	F <sub>pk</sub>	kN	1 040	1 116	865	930	1 300	1 395	1 038	1 116
Charact. value of 0.1 % proof force <sup>2)</sup>	F <sub>p0.1</sub>	kN	916	984	760	820	1 145	1 230	912	984
Max. prestressing force <sup>2)</sup>	0.90 · F <sub>p0.1</sub>	kN	824	886	684	738	1 031	1 107	821	886
Max. overstressing force <sup>2)</sup>	0.95 · F <sub>p0.1</sub>	kN	870	935	722	779	1 088	1 169	866	935
<b>Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance</b>										
<b>Minimum concrete strength</b>										
<b>Cube</b>	<b>f<sub>cm,0</sub></b>	<b>MPa</b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>26<sup>3)</sup></b>	
<b>Cylinder</b>	<b>f<sub>cm,0</sub></b>	<b>MPa</b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	<b>21<sup>3)</sup></b>	
<b>Additional reinforcement<sup>4)</sup> – Ribbed reinforcing steel R<sub>e</sub> ≥ 500 MPa<sup>5)</sup></b>										
Number of stirrups	—		6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Bar diameter	mm		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	
Spacing	mm		35	35	35	40	40	40	40	
Distance from bearing trumplate F	mm		45	45	45	45	45	45	45	
Minimum outer dimensions	A / B	mm	270 / 100	270 / 100	270 / 100	310 / 120	310 / 120	310 / 120	310 / 120	
<b>Centre spacing and edge distance</b>										
Min. centre spacing	a <sub>c</sub> / b <sub>c</sub>	mm	370 / 175	370 / 175	370 / 175	450 / 200	450 / 200	450 / 200	450 / 200	
Min. edge distance	a' <sub>e</sub> / b' <sub>e</sub>	mm	175 / 80	175 / 80	175 / 80	215 / 90	215 / 90	215 / 90	215 / 90	

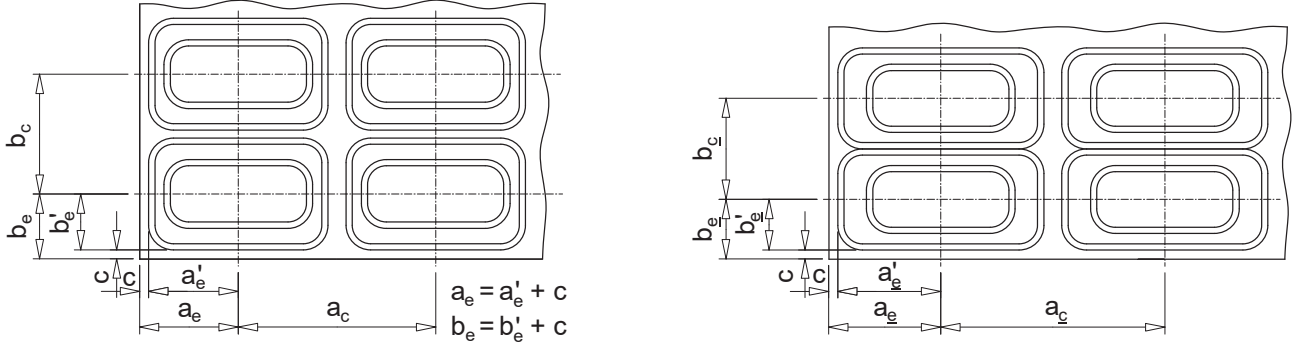
- 1) Prestressing steel strand with characteristic tensile strength below 1 860 MPa may also be used.
- 2) For prestressing steel strands according to prEN 10138-3, 09.2000, the values are multiplied by 0.98.
- 3) Concrete strength is applicable to tendons with prestressing steel strands of both nominal diameters 15.3 mm and 15.7 mm or 12.5 mm and 12.9 mm.
- 4) Additional reinforcement may be replaced by a rectangular helix of identical bar diameter and external dimensions, and number of turns equal to number of stirrups plus one.
- 5) Reinforcing steel with R<sub>e</sub> ≥ 460 MPa requires a stirrup spacing of 35 mm and one additional stirrup. R<sub>e</sub> ≥ 460 MPa is not applicable to tendons 0406 and 0505.



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Minimum concrete strength – Helix – Additional  
reinforcement – Centre spacing and edge distance

**Annex 26**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

Centre spacing and edge distance



$a_c, b_c$

$a_c > b_c$

$a_e, b_e$

$a_e > b_e$

Modification of centre spacing and edge distance are in accordance with the Clauses 1.10 and 2.2.3.3.

$$b_c \begin{cases} \geq 0.85 \cdot b_c \\ \text{and} \\ \geq \text{Helix, outside diameter } ^1) \end{cases}$$

$$a_c \geq \frac{A_c}{b_c}$$

$$A_c = a_c \cdot b_c \leq a_c \cdot b_c$$

Corresponding edge distances

$$a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 + c \quad \text{and} \quad b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 + c$$

c Concrete cover

<sup>1)</sup> The outer dimensions of the additional stirrup reinforcement are adjusted accordingly. Further modifications of reinforcement in accordance with Clause 2.2.3.3.

NOTE The replacement of the additional stirrup reinforcement by a rectangular helix according to the Annex 23 and Annex 24 does not prevent the modification of centre spacing and edge distance. The external dimensions of the rectangular helix replacing stirrups are adapted to the modified centre spacing and edge distance.

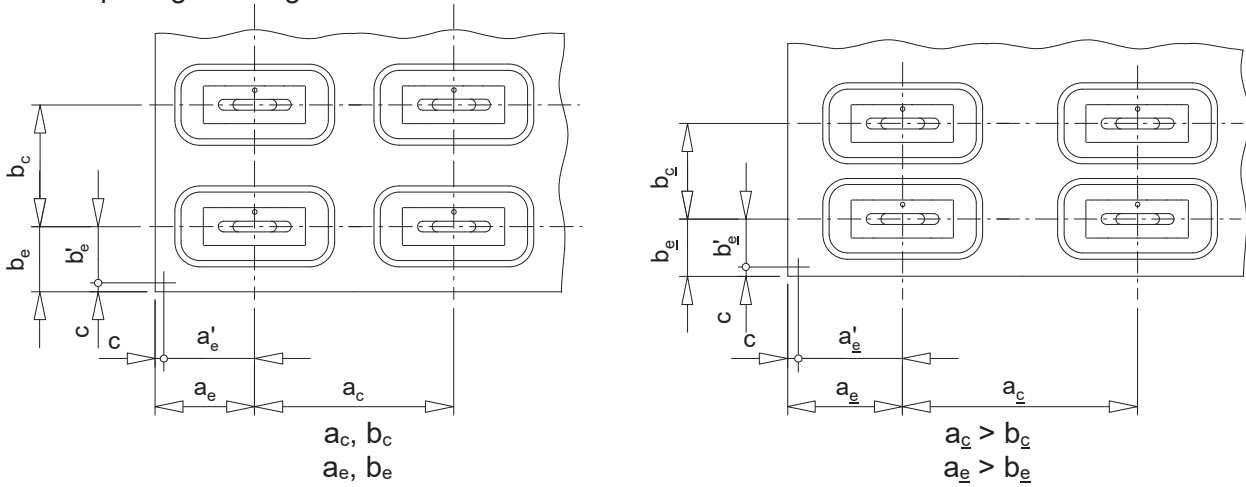
Dimensions in mm



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1  
 Modification of centre spacing and edge distance

**Annex 27**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

Centre spacing and edge distance



Modification of centre spacing and edge distance are in accordance with the Clauses 1.10 and 2.2.3.3.

$$b'_e \begin{cases} \geq 0.85 \cdot b_c \\ \text{and} \\ \geq \text{Stirrup, outside dimensions } ^1) \end{cases}$$

$$a'_e \geq \frac{A_c}{b'_e} \quad A_c = a_c \cdot b_c \leq a'_e \cdot b'_e$$

Corresponding edge distances

$$a_e = \frac{a_c}{2} - 10 + c \quad \text{and} \quad b_e = \frac{b_c}{2} - 10 + c$$

c Concrete cover

<sup>1)</sup> Further modifications of reinforcement in accordance with Clause 2.2.3.3.

**Example for modified centre spacing and edge distance, see Annex 25 and Annex 26**

BBR VT CONA CMF BT S2			0206, 0205	0305	0306	0405	0406	0505	0506	0605
<b>Minimum concrete strength</b>										
<b>Cube</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Cylinder</b>	$f_{cm,0}$	<b>MPa</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>Additional reinforcement <sup>1)</sup> – Ribbed reinforcing steel <math>R_e \geq 500</math> MPa <sup>2)</sup></b>										
Number of stirrups	—		3	3	4	4	6	6	6	6
Bar diameter	mm		10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12
Spacing	mm		40	40	40	40	35	35	40	40
Distance from bearing trumplate	F	mm	35	35	45	45	45	45	45	45
Minimum outer dimensions	A	mm	200	200	230	230	270	270	310	310
	B	mm	90	90	100	100	100	100	120	120
<b>Modified centre spacing and edge distance <sup>3)</sup></b>										
Modified minimum centre spacing	$a'_e$	mm	255	255	355	355	435	435	530	530
	$b'_e$	mm	130	130	140	140	150	150	170	170
Modified minimum edge distance	$a_e$	mm	120	120	170	170	210	210	260	260
	$b_e$	mm	55	55	60	60	65	65	75	75

<sup>1)</sup> and <sup>2)</sup> See footnotes <sup>4)</sup> and <sup>5)</sup> in Annex 25 and Annex 26.

<sup>3)</sup> Dimensions are not subject of further modifications as regards reduction.



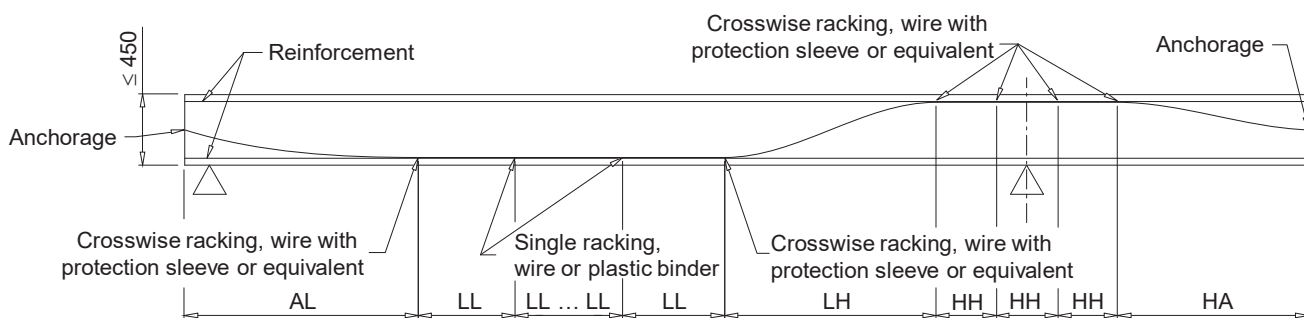
**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Modification of centre spacing and edge distance

**Annex 28**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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### Free tendon layout with monostrands or bands

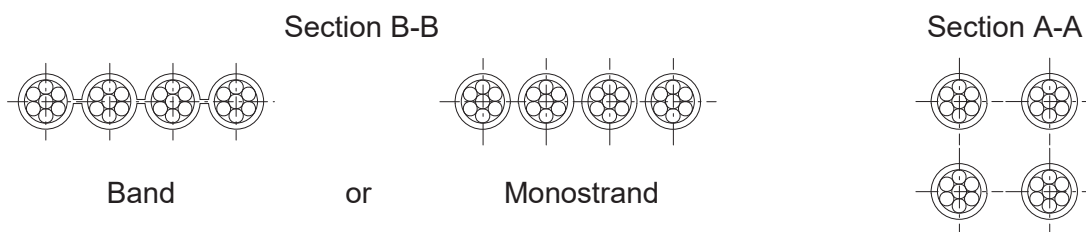
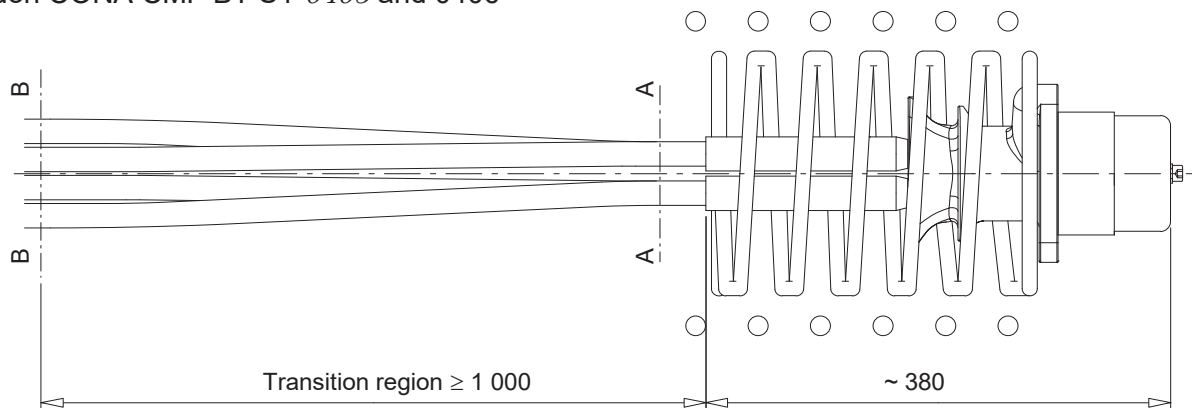
For slab thickness  $\leq 450$  mm



Typical zones		max. distances	min. number	Tying to reinforcement
AL	Anchor – Low point	3.0 m	—	crosswise racking
LL	Low point – Low point	1.0–1.3 m	2	single wire racking
LH	Low point – High point	3.0 m	—	crosswise racking
HH	High point – High point	0.3–1.0 m	2	crosswise racking
HA	High point – Anchor	1.5 m	—	crosswise racking

### Transition region

Tendon CONA CMF BT S1-0405 and 0406



Dimensions in mm

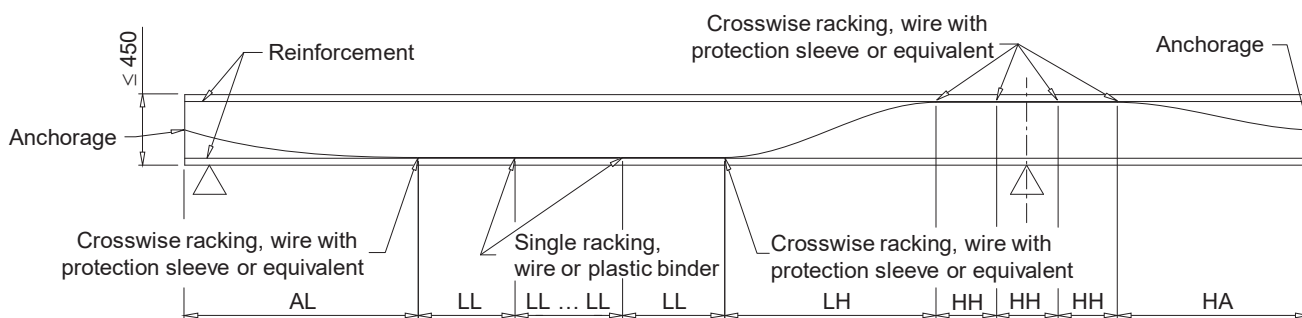


**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1  
 Free tendon layout with monostrands or band  
 Tendon CONA CMF BT S1-0405 and 0406

**Annex 29**  
 of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

### Free tendon layout with monostrands or bands

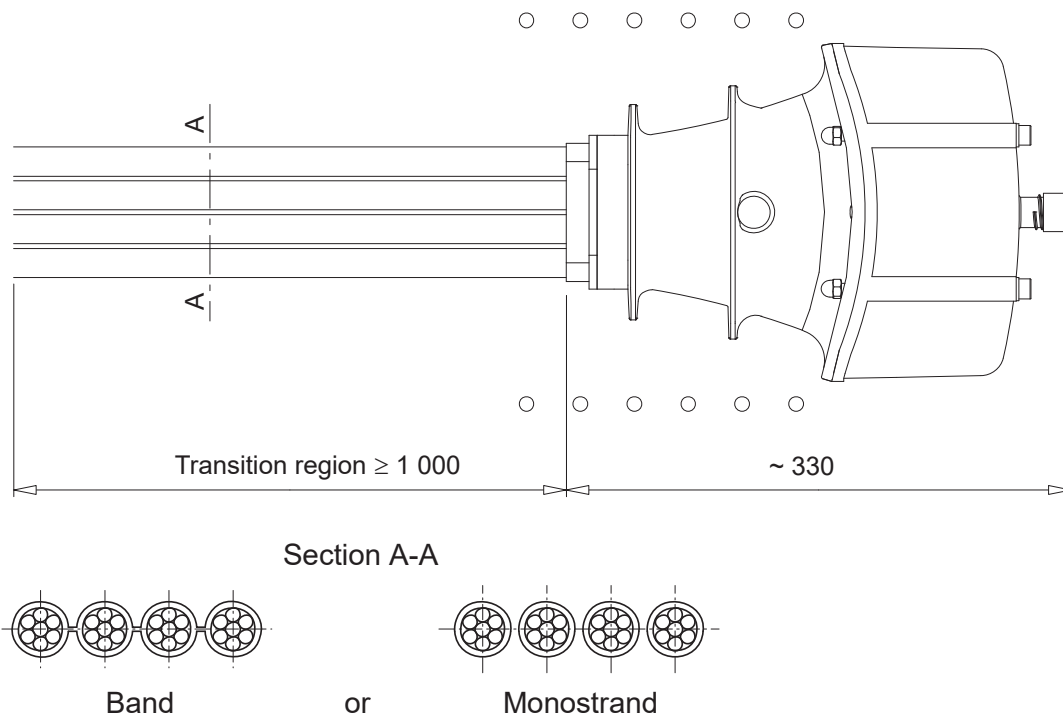
For slab thickness  $\leq 450$  mm



Typical zones		max. distances	min. number	Tying to reinforcement
AL	Anchor – Low point	3.0 m	—	crosswise racking
LL	Low point – Low point	1.0–1.3 m	2	single wire racking
LH	Low point – High point	3.0 m	—	crosswise racking
HH	High point – High point	0.3–1.0 m	2	crosswise racking
HA	High point – Anchor	1.5 m	—	crosswise racking

### Transition region

Tendon CONA CMF BT S2-0405 and 0406



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Free tendon layout with monostrands or band  
Tendon CONA CMF BT S2-0405 and 0406

**Annex 30**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019

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## Installation of tendons with prestressing steel strands other than monostrands – Series 1

### 1 General

For tendon installation see EN 13670, in particular Clause 7 and Annex E.

### 2 Preparatory work

The components of the prestressing kit are stored in such a way as to avoid any damage or corrosion.

### 3 Anchorage recesses

Adequate clearance to accommodate and to use the prestressing jack is ensured, see also the Clauses 1.2.6, 2.2.3.2, and 2.2.4.5.

### 4 Fasten the bearing trumplates

Two slots are provided to fasten the bearing trumplates to the formwork. The trumpet is screwed into the bearing trumplate. The helix is either welded to the bearing trumplate, see also Clause 2.2.4.9, or placed by tying it to the existing reinforcement.

### 5 Placing of ducts

The ducts are placed on supports with spacing according to Clause 1.6 and minimum radii of curvature according to Clause 1.5. The ducts are connected in a water-proof way and supported such that any movement is prevented. Steel strip sheaths are slipped over the plastic trumpet at anchorages and couplers.

The same applies to prefabricated tendons.

### 6 Installation of tensile elements – prestressing steel strands

The prestressing steel is pushed or pulled into the duct before or after concreting the structure.

### 7 Installation of inaccessible fixed anchors

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. After assembly, the wedges are secured with springs or a wedge retaining plate. An alternative is pre-locking each individual strand with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$  and applying a wedge retaining plate.

### 8 Checking the tendons before concreting

Before concreting the structure, fastening and position of the entire tendon are checked and corrected if necessary. The sheaths are checked for any damage.

### 9 Assembly of anchor head or coupler anchor head 1. BA

After passing the strands through the anchor head, they are anchored individually in the cones by means of ring wedges. The same applies for the coupler anchor head 1. BA of a fixed coupler in the first construction stage.

### 10 Stressing

At the time of stressing, the mean concrete compressive strength is at least according to Table 5 and Clause 1.9. Stressing and possible wedging are carried out with a suitable prestressing jack and in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.5.

Elongations and prestressing forces of the tendon are checked and recorded systematically during the stressing operation.

Restressing of the tendons is allowed in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.6.

### 11 Installation of fixed coupler anchor head 2. BA

The function of the fixed coupler is to connect two tendons, whereas the first tendon is stressed before the second tendon is installed and stressed.

The coupler anchor head H, 2. BA is assembled with ring wedges and a wedge retaining plate. It is connected to the already tensioned coupler anchor head H, 1. BA by means of a threaded coupler sleeve.

### 12 Movable coupler

The movable coupler serves to lengthen tendons prior to stressing. The axial movement during stressing is ensured by a coupler sheathing box, suitable to the expected elongation at the position of the coupler.

Assembly of coupler anchor heads is performed in accordance with the Point 7 and the Clauses 1.2.5 and 2.2.4.2.

### 13 Filling of tendons

Grout is injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. All vents and grouting inlets are sealed immediately after grouting, see also Clause 2.2.4.8.1.

Corrosion protection filling material is injected similar to grouting and the recommendations of the supplier are considered, see also Clause 2.2.4.8.2.

More detailed information on installation can be obtained from the ETA holder.



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 1  
Installation description of bonded and unbonded  
tendons, other than monostrand tendons

**Annex 31**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019





## Installation of tendons with prestressing steel strands other than monostrands – Series 2

### 1 General

For tendon installation see EN 13670, in particular Clause 7 and Annex E.

### 2 Preparatory work

The components of the prestressing kit are stored in such a way as to avoid any damage or corrosion.

### 3 Anchorage recesses

Adequate clearance to accommodate and to use the prestressing jack is ensured, see also the Clauses 1.2.6, 2.2.3.2, and 2.2.4.5.

### 4 Fasten the bearing trumplates

The bearing trumplate is fastened to the formwork. The additional reinforcement is placed by tying to the existing reinforcement.

### 5 Placing of ducts

The ducts are placed on supports with spacing according to Clause 1.6 and minimum radii of curvature according to Clause 1.5. The ducts are connected in a water-proof way and supported such that any movement is prevented. The same applies to prefabricated tendons.

### 6 Installation of tensile elements – prestressing steel strands

The prestressing steel is pushed or pulled into the duct before or after concreting the structure.

### 7 Installation of inaccessible fixed anchor

After passing the strands through the bearing trumplate, they are anchored individually in mono barrels by means of ring wedges. Each individual strand is pre-locked with  $\sim 0.5 \cdot F_{pk}$ . After assembly, the wedges are secured with wedge retaining plate, wedge holding rings and attaching a protection cap with vent. An alternative is applying wedge retaining plate, wedge holding rings, together with an integrated protection cap.

The joint duct to bearing trumplate is completed tension proof and sealed with adhesive tape.

### 8 Assembly of stressing anchor

After passing the strands through the bearing trumplate, they are tightened and anchored individually in mono barrels by means of ring wedges.

The joint duct to bearing trumplate is completed tension proof and sealed with adhesive tape.

### 9 Checking the tendons before concreting

Before concreting the structure, fastening and position of the entire tendon are checked and corrected if necessary. The sheaths are checked for any damage.

### 10 Stressing

At the time of stressing the mean concrete compressive strength is at least according to Table 5 and Clause 1.9. Stressing and possible wedging are carried out with a suitable prestressing jack and in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.5.

Elongations and prestressing forces of the tendon are checked and recorded systematically during the stressing operation.

Restressing of the tendons is allowed in accordance with Clause 2.2.4.6.

### 11 Filling of tendons

Grout is injected through the inlet holes until it escapes from the outlet tubes with the same consistency. All vents and grouting inlets are sealed immediately after grouting, see also Clause 2.2.4.8.1.

Corrosion protection filling material is injected similar to grouting and the recommendations of the supplier are considered, see also Clause 2.2.4.8.2.

More detailed information on installation can be obtained from the ETA holder.



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
Anchorage series 2  
Installation description of bonded and unbonded  
tendons, other than monostrand tendons

**Annex 33**  
of European Technical Assessment  
**ETA-12/0076** of 23.09.2019







### Contents of the prescribed test plan

Subject / type of control		Test or control method	Criteria, if any	Minimum number of samples	Minimum frequency of control
Bearing trumplate	Material	Checking <sup>1)</sup>	2)	100 %	continuous
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	3 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Visual inspection <sup>3)</sup>	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability	bulk			
Anchor head, Coupler anchor head, Coupler sleeve	Material	Checking <sup>1)</sup>	2)	100 %	continuous
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Visual inspection <sup>3)</sup>	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability	full			
Ring wedge	Material	Checking <sup>1)</sup>	2)	100 %	continuous
	Treatment, hardness	Testing	2)	0.5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	2)	5 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Visual inspection <sup>3)</sup>	Checking	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability	full			
Prestressing steel strand, Monostrand	Material	Checking	2), 4)	100 %	continuous
	Dimension	Testing	2)	1 sample	each coil or every 7 tons <sup>5)</sup>
	Visual inspection	Checking	2)	1 sample	
Steel strip duct	Material	Checking <sup>6)</sup>	2)	100 %	continuous
	Dimension	Testing	2)	3 %, ≥ 2 specimens	continuous
	Traceability	full			
Cement, admixtures, additions of filling materials as per EN 447	Material	Checking <sup>6)</sup>	2)	100 %	continuous
	Traceability	full			

- 1) Checking by means of an inspection report 3.1 according to EN 10204.  
 2) Conformity with the specifications of the component  
 3) Successful visual inspection does not need to be documented.  
 4) Checking of relevant certificate as long as the basis of "CE"-marking is not available.  
 5) Maximum between a coil and 7 tons is taken into account.  
 6) Checking of relevant certificate, CE marking and declaration of performance or, if basis for CE marking is not available, certificate of supplier

Traceability full	Full traceability of each component to its raw material.
Material	Defined according to technical specification deposited by the supplier
Detailed dimension	Measuring of all the dimensions and angles according to the specification given in the test plan
Visual inspection	Main dimensions, correct marking and labelling, surface, corrosion, coating, etc.
Treatment, hardness	Surface hardness, core hardness and treatment depth



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
 Anchorage series 1 and series 2  
 Contents of the prescribed test plan

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<b>Audit testing</b>					
Subject / type of control		Test or control method	Criteria, if any	Minimum number of samples <sup>1)</sup>	Minimum frequency of control
Bearing trumplate	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical <sup>2)</sup>	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
Anchor head, Coupler anchor head, Coupler sleeve	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical <sup>2)</sup>	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
Ring wedge	Material	Checking and testing, hardness and chemical <sup>2)</sup>	<sup>3)</sup>	2	1/year
	Treatment, hardness	Checking and testing, hardness profile	<sup>3)</sup>	2	1/year
	Detailed dimensions	Testing	<sup>3)</sup>	1	1/year
	Main dimensions, surface hardness	Testing	<sup>3)</sup>	5	1/year
	Visual inspection	Checking	<sup>3)</sup>	5	1/year
Single tensile element test		According to EAD 160004-00-0301, Annex C.7		1 series	1/year

<sup>1)</sup> If the kits comprise different kinds of anchor heads e.g. with different materials, different shape, different wedges, etc., then the number of samples are understood as per kind.

<sup>2)</sup> Testing of hardness and checking of chemical composition by means of an inspection report 3.1 according to EN 10204.

<sup>3)</sup> Conformity with the specifications of the components

Material Defined according to technical specification deposited by the ETA holder at the Notified body

Detailed dimension Measuring of all the dimensions and angles according to the specification given in the test plan

Visual inspection Main dimensions, correct marking and labelling, surface, corrosion, coating, etc.


Treatment, hardness Surface hardness, core hardness and treatment depth



**Internal Post-tensioning System**  
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Audit testing

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<b>Reference documents</b>	
<b>European Assessment Document</b>	
EAD 160004-00-0301	European Assessment Document for Post-Tensioning Kits for Prestressing of Structures
<b>Eurocodes</b>	
Eurocode 2	Eurocode 2 – Design of concrete structures
Eurocode 3	Eurocode 3 – Design of steel structures
Eurocode 6	Eurocode 6 – Design of masonry structures
<b>Standards</b>	
EN 206+A1, 11.2016	Concrete – Specification, performance, production and conformity
EN 445, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Test methods
EN 446, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Grouting procedures
EN 447, 10.2007	Grout for prestressing tendons – Basic requirements
EN 523, 08.2003	Steel strip sheaths for prestressing tendons – Terminology, requirements, quality control
EN 1561, 10.2011	Founding – Grey cast irons
EN 1563, 08.2018	Founding – Spheroidal graphite cast irons
EN 10025-2, 11.2004	Hot rolled products of structural steels – Part 2: Technical delivery conditions for non-alloy structural steels
EN 10025-2/AC, 06.2005	
EN 10204, 10.2004	Metallic products – Types of inspection documents
EN 10210-1, 04.2006	Hot finished structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
EN 10216-1, 12.2013	Seamless steel tubes for pressure purposes – Technical delivery conditions – Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties
EN 10217-1, 05.2002	Welded steel tubes for pressure purposes – Technical delivery conditions – Part 1: Non-alloy steel tubes with specified room temperature properties
EN 10217-1+A1, 01.2005	
EN 10219-1, 04.2006	Cold formed welded structural hollow sections of non-alloy and fine grain steels – Part 1: Technical delivery conditions
EN 10255+A1, 04.2007	Non-Alloy steel tubes suitable for welding and threading – Technical delivery conditions
EN 10270-1+A1, 05.2017	Steel wire for mechanical springs – Part 1: Patented cold drawn unalloyed spring steel wire
EN 10277, 06.2018	Bright steel products – Technical delivery conditions
EN 10305-5, 03.2016	Steel tubes for precision applications – Technical delivery conditions – Part 5: Welded cold sized square and rectangular tubes
EN 12201, 09.2011	Plastics piping systems for water supply, and for drainage and sewerage under pressure – Polyethylene (PE)
EN 13670, 12.2009	Execution of concrete structures
EN 13670, Correction Notice, 02.2010	

	<p align="center"><b>Internal Post-tensioning System</b> Anchorage series 1 and series 2 Reference documents</p>	<p align="right"><b>Annex 39</b> of European Technical Assessment <b>ETA-12/0076</b> of 23.09.2019</p>
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EN ISO 683-1, 06.2018	Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels – Part 1: Non-alloy steels for quenching and tempering
EN ISO 683-3, 02.2019	Heat-treatable steels, alloy steels and free-cutting steels – Part 3: Case-hardening steels
EN ISO 17855-1, 11.2014	Plastics – Polyethylene (PE) moulding and extrusion materials – Part 1: Designation system and basis for specifications
prEN 10138-3, 08.2009	Prestressing steels – Part 3: Strand
prEN 10138-3, 09.2000	Prestressing steels – Part 3: Strand
CWA 14646, 01.2003	Requirements for the installation of post-tensioning kits for prestressing of structures and qualification of the specialist company and its personnel
98/456/EC	Commission decision 98/456/EC of 3 July 1998 on the procedure for attesting the conformity of construction products pursuant to Article 20 (2) of Council Directive 89/106/EEC as regards post-tensioning kits for the prestressing of structures, Official Journal of the European Communities L 201 of 17 July 1998, p. 112
305/2011	Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 laying down harmonised conditions for the marketing of construction products and repealing Council Directive 89/106/EEC, OJ L 88 of 4 April 2011, p. 5, amended by Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014, OJ L 157 of 27.05.2014, p. 76, Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 574/2014 of 21 February 2014, OJ L 159 of 28.05.2014, p. 41, and Regulation (EU) 2019/1020 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019, OJ L 169 of 15.06.2019, p. 1
568/2014	Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) № 568/2014 of 18 February 2014 amending Annex V to Regulation (EU) № 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the assessment and verification of constancy of performance of construction products, OJ L 157 of 27.05.2014, p. 76



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**Materialprüfungsamt Nordrhein-Westfalen**

Prüfen • Überwachen • Zertifizieren

**Certificate of constancy of performance****0432-CPR-00299-1.7 (EN)**

Version 04

In compliance with Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 9 March 2011 (the Construction products Regulation or CPR), this certificate applies to the construction product

**BBR VT CONA CMF BT - Internal Posttensioning System with Flat Anchorages and 02 to 06 Strands**

Post-tensioning kit for prestressing of structures with internal bonded of unbonded strands

placed on the market under the name or trade mark of

**BBR VT International Ltd**

Ringstr. 2

CH-8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) / Switzerland

and produced in the manufacturing plant(s)

**BBR VT International Ltd**

Ringstr. 2

CH-8603 Schwerzenbach (ZH) / Switzerland

This certificate attests that all provisions concerning the assessment and verification of constancy of performance described in the

**ETA-12/0076, issued on 23.09.2019**

and

**EAD 160004-00-0301**

under **system 1+** for the performance set out in the ETA are applied and that the factory production control conducted by the manufacturer is assessed to ensure the

**constancy of performance of the construction product.**

This certificate was first issued on 17.09.2012 and will remain valid until 10.10.2029 as long as neither the ETA, the EAD, the construction product, the AVCP methods nor the manufacturing conditions in the plant are modified significantly, unless suspended or withdrawn by the notified product certification body.

Dortmund, 11.10.2024

by order

  
Dipl.-Ing. Becker

Deputy Head of Certification Body (Dep. 21.40)



This Certificate consists of 1 page.

The original of this document was issued in German language.

In case of doubt only the German version is valid.



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**A Global Network of Experts**  
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